

ARL ACADEMIC LAW LIBRARY STATISTICS 2006–2007



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ASSOCIATION OF RESEARCH LIBRARIES
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ARL Academic Law Library Statistics 2006–2007

The tables presented in this publication are not indicative of performance and outcomes and should not be used as measures of library quality. In comparing any individual library to ARL medians or to other ARL members, one must be careful to make such comparisons within the context of differing institutional and local goals and characteristics.

The *ARL Academic Law Library Statistics* datafiles and accompanying documentation are available at www.arl.org/stats/annualsurveys/law/index.shtml.

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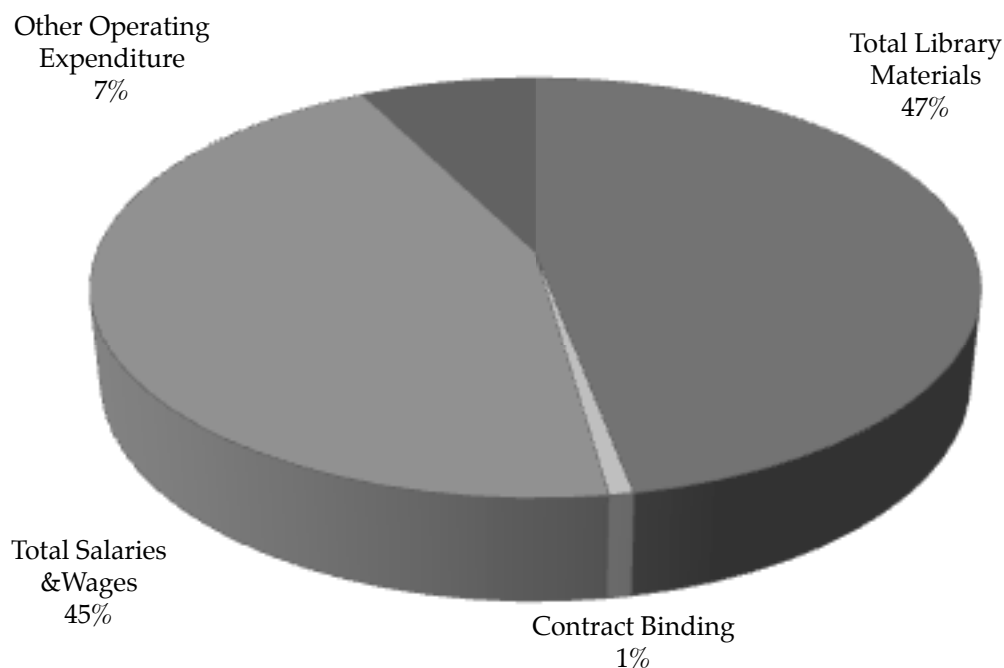
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HIGHLIGHTS

ARL ACADEMIC LAW LIBRARY STATISTICS 2006–2007

- Out of 113 ARL university libraries, 74 responded to this survey.
- Law libraries reported median values of 332,247 volumes held and 8,399 gross volumes added. Also, these libraries employed the full-time equivalent of 2,201 staff members in the fiscal year 2006–2007.
- Responding libraries reported total expenditures of \$ 208,820,262.¹ As seen in the graph below, materials expenditures made up the largest portion of the total, with % of aggregated expenses falling under a materials-related category.
- Law libraries reported a total of \$ 17,259,064 on electronic resources, or a median of 18.52% of their total materials budgets. This includes a total of \$14,864,912 on electronic serials.

Expenditures in ARL Academic Law Libraries 20062007



¹ 80 ARL university libraries included data for a law library in the 2006–2007 *ARL Statistics*; among them, Alberta, British Columbia, Laval, McGill, Manitoba, and Wayne State did not complete this survey. Alberta and McGill completed this survey in the past, but chose not to complete this survey in 2006–2007. Colorado and Indiana completed this survey but did not include a law library in the *ARL Statistics*. Rutgers has two administratively independent law libraries, which respond separately to this survey; they are aggregated together in the *ARL Statistics*.

This figure includes Canadian universities, whose expenditures were converted to US dollars at the rate of 1.1323 Can\$ = 1 US\$, the average monthly noon exchange rate published in the Bank of Canada Review for the period July 2006 to June 2007.

ARL ACADEMIC LAW LIBRARY DATA TABLES
2006–2007

COLLECTIONS PART 1

		Volumes in Library	Volumes Added (Gross)	Volumes Added (Net)	Monographs Purchased (Volumes)	Current Serials Total
(Survey Question Number)		(1)	(1b.i)	(1b)	(2)	(4)
INSTITUTION	Notes					
ALABAMA	bG+	328,668	7,793	6,103	5,000	3,415
ARIZONA	G+	225,943	7,099	-35,408	1,171	2,891
ARIZONA STATE	G	272,173	4,853	2,968	804	UA/NA
BOSTON	+	332,247	5,690	4,271	1,621	4,748
BOSTON COLLEGE	bG+	245,824	6,232	4,867	5,607	3,894
BRIGHAM YOUNG	bG+	337,197	7,258	2,462	1,582	4,264
CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	G	682,682	9,677	6,582	UA/NA	6,626
CALIFORNIA, DAVIS	G+	294,938	5,650	4,195	3,005	5,227
CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	G+	556,619	10,454	8,499	8,006	8,283
CASE WESTERN RESERVE	G+	306,226	5,785	2,064	953	5,957
CHICAGO	G+	561,065	13,588	-25,020	5,332	8,380
CINCINNATI	G+	284,250	4,744	71	1,736	6,627
COLORADO	G	331,485	9,700	9,483	1,603	4,513
COLUMBIA	bG+	903,410	12,850	11,021	4,448	6,773
CONNECTICUT	G	344,598	7,191	4,496	899	6,173
CORNELL	bG+	564,386	8,670	8,377	906	25,000
DUKE	+	442,021	10,152	-28	2,744	3,411
EMORY	+	217,631	11,111	-700	1,073	9,841
FLORIDA	G+	322,990	4,976	3,035	1,511	8,067
FLORIDA STATE	G+	307,797	3,680	2,843	781	4,800
GEORGE WASHINGTON	bG+	356,932	8,857	6,659	6,659	21,102
GEORGETOWN	bG+	562,986	21,927	19,373	4,737	8,672
GEORGIA	+	623,325	10,678	9,204	119,434	32,818
HARVARD	+	1,765,543	25,709	21,466	UA/NA	15,725
HAWAII	G	132,888	3,263	2,876	424	6,262
HOUSTON	bG+	523,350	13,722	-10,371	12,205	2,221
HOWARD	bG+	209,500	2,378	616	448	4,321
ILLINOIS, URBANA	bG+	622,275	10,643	8,528	200	4,055
INDIANA	G+	449,617	13,433	10,232	7,502	11,927
IOWA	G+	798,317	22,389	18,816	16,200	10,101
KANSAS	+	277,564	3,573	-36,683	36,868	3,526
KENTUCKY	G	261,953	3,862	2,352	2,879	5,650
LOUISIANA STATE	G+	452,841	11,772	9,637	1,123	6,835
LOUISVILLE	G	238,703	2,015	2,015	2,015	5,420
MIAMI	G+	441,835	16,868	8,922	2,431	8,032
MICHIGAN	G+	700,417	14,817	10,335	3,442	6,263
MICHIGAN STATE	bG+	131,914	5,380	2,859	1,143	12,494
MINNESOTA	bG+	730,399	17,140	16,207	2,038	UA/NA
MISSOURI	bG+	389,299	10,966	9,339	2,116	213
MONTREAL	G+	181,968	3,554	2,033	1,121	2,793
NEBRASKA	G+	243,926	5,694	5,199	UA/NA	2,724
NEW MEXICO	G	236,734	1,189	1,142	1,172	3,296

COLLECTIONS PART 1

Current Serials Purchased	Current Serials Purchased Electronic	Current Serials Purchased Print	Current Serials Not Purchased	Current Serials Not Purchased Electronic	Current Serials Not Purchased Print	(Survey Question Number)
(4a)	(4a.i)	(4a.ii)	(4b)	(4b.i)	(4b.ii)	INSTITUTION
3,200	3,200	0	215	215	0	ALABAMA
2,427	1,154	1,273	464	20	444	ARIZONA
0	0	0	0	0	0	ARIZONA STATE
4,671	2,144	2,527	77	7	70	BOSTON
3,742	1,087	2,655	152	6	146	BOSTON COLLEGE
3,999	1	3,998	265	0	265	BRIGHAM YOUNG
5,769	1,617	4,152	857	40	817	CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY
4,533	1,040	3,493	694	49	645	CALIFORNIA, DAVIS
UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES
5,353	4,560	793	604	0	604	CASE WESTERN RESERVE
UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	CHICAGO
6,587	0	6,587	40	0	40	CINCINNATI
4,513	920	3,593	0	0	0	COLORADO
5,854	1,592	4,262	919	0	919	COLUMBIA
5,265	1,425	3,840	908	338	570	CONNECTICUT
UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	CORNELL
3,257	36	3,221	154	8	146	DUKE
9,770	5,974	3,796	71	0	71	EMORY
8,067	0	8,067	0	0	0	FLORIDA
3,866	2,258	1,608	934	0	934	FLORIDA STATE
21,102	12,725	8,377	0	0	0	GEORGE WASHINGTON
8,593	747	7,846	79	79	0	GEORGETOWN
31,879	29,363	2,516	939	920	19	GEORGIA
UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	HARVARD
5,783	3,378	2,405	479	242	237	HAWAII
2,030	44	1,986	191	8	183	HOUSTON
4,306	3,154	1,152	15	0	15	HOWARD
3,921	11	3,910	134	0	134	ILLINOIS, URBANA
11,319	1,414	9,905	608	533	75	INDIANA
8,081	1,616	6,465	2,020	606	1,414	IOWA
3,526	1,587	1,939	0	0	0	KANSAS
5,502	4,250	1,252	148	0	148	KENTUCKY
6,817	4,988	1,829	18	0	18	LOUISIANA STATE
5,420	0	5,420	0	UA/NA	UA/NA	LOUISVILLE
8,011	7,703	308	21	21	0	MIAMI
6,129	UA/NA	UA/NA	134	UA/NA	UA/NA	MICHIGAN
12,494	10,211	2,283	0	0	0	MICHIGAN STATE
UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	MINNESOTA
0	0	0	213	213	0	MISSOURI
2,705	1,684	1,021	88	0	88	MONTREAL
2,522	2,522	0	202	0	202	NEBRASKA
3,295	860	2,435	1	0	1	NEW MEXICO

COLLECTIONS PART 1

		Volumes in Library	Volumes Added (Gross)	Volumes Added (Net)	Monographs Purchased (Volumes)	Current Serials Total
(Survey Question Number)		(1)	(1b.i)	(1b)	(2)	(4)
INSTITUTION	Notes					
NEW YORK	bG+	781,214	8,399	-6,601	1,900	5,046
NORTH CAROLINA	G+	351,410	28,938	25,102	1,347	6,932
NORTHWESTERN	G	582,332	10,785	9,352	1,358	5,337
NOTRE DAME	bG+	342,085	9,657	9,146	UA/NA	37,067
OHIO STATE	bG+	576,533	9,779	7,373	2,303	8,453
OKLAHOMA		211,382	3,912	3,907	1,682	UA/NA
OREGON	G+	190,206	2,968	-871	1,132	1,732
PENNSYLVANIA	G+	623,953	13,571	6,655	3,554	41,411
PENNSYLVANIA STATE	G+	299,480	33,436	26,780	30,459	7,216
PITTSBURGH	G	224,304	6,149	5,112	1,150	4,103
QUEENS	G+	220,599	7,823	6,586	2,409	UA/NA
RUTGERS-Camden	bG+	320,218	6,299	4,589	527	5,116
RUTGERS-Newark	G+	362,178	28,941	28,133	26,130	4,911
SASKATCHEWAN	+	163,557	4,195	-2,322	914	2,056
SOUTH CAROLINA		282,662	3,192	2,592	427	3,126
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	bG	313,032	6,146	5,773	949	8,071
SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	G	215,099	6,174	4,026	1,091	1,533
SUNY-BUFFALO	G+	299,979	5,940	1,830	3,714	5,659
SYRACUSE	G	218,058	6,307	4,318	1,398	2,190
TEMPLE	G+	432,753	28,797	28,797	24,110	3,451
TENNESSEE	+	342,537	11,281	9,926	972	2,114
TEXAS	G	780,177	13,426	4,090	9,386	7,191
TEXAS TECH		205,121	7,159	5,873	3,572	4,713
TORONTO	+	208,075	3,114	1,744	738	1,902
TULANE	bG+	311,355	2,696	2,480	1,834	5,277
UTAH	G	237,630	5,107	4,018	UA/NA	4,860
VANDERBILT	+	482,604	9,379	4,747	2,156	6,867
VIRGINIA	G+	644,112	10,640	-8,772	4,471	UA/NA
WASHINGTON	G	429,390	8,669	7,449	UA/NA	4,089
WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS	G+	451,567	11,219	8,783	1,426	4,229
WESTERN ONTARIO	G+	184,521	921	901	1,017	1,400
WISCONSIN	G	406,985	10,717	8,218	4,313	6,074
YALE	bG+	895,837	19,644	18,840	10,333	9,858

SUMMARY DATA

High	1,765,543	33,436	28,797	119,434	41,411
Mean	410,472	9,765	5,060	6,083	7,362
Median	332,247	8,399	4,747	1,834	5,307
Low	131,914	921	-36,683	200	213
Sum	30,785,381	732,362	379,511	419,711	515,324
Number of Libraries	75	75	75	69	70

+ – See footnotes

UA/NA – Unavailable or Not Applicable

G – Government documents not included in serials count

b – Basis of volume count is bibliographic

COLLECTIONS PART 1

Current Serials Purchased	Current Serials Purchased Electronic	Current Serials Purchased Print	Current Serials Not Purchased	Current Serials Not Purchased Electronic	Current Serials Not Purchased Print	(Survey Question Number)
(4a)	(4a.i)	(4a.ii)	(4b)	(4b.i)	(4b.ii)	INSTITUTION
4,226	0	4,226	820	0	820	NEW YORK
5,881	1,551	4,330	1,051	69	982	NORTH CAROLINA
UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	NORTHWESTERN
35,074	32,785	2,289	1,993	UA/NA	UA/NA	NOTRE DAME
7,283	4,949	2,334	1,170	0	1,170	OHIO STATE
UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	OKLAHOMA
1,670	0	1,670	62	0	62	OREGON
40,581	33,091	7,490	830	79	751	PENNSYLVANIA
7,216	1,908	5,308	0	0	0	PENNSYLVANIA STATE
3,818	1,474	2,344	285	127	158	PITTSBURGH
UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	QUEENS
5,116	4,466	650	0	0	0	RUTGERS-Camden
4,911	4,466	445	0	0	0	RUTGERS
1,890	1,364	526	166	143	23	SASKATCHEWAN
3,126	0	3,126	0	0	0	SOUTH CAROLINA
6,396	1,739	4,657	1,675	186	1,489	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA
1,533	120	1,413	0	0	0	SOUTHERN ILLINOIS
2,556	0	2,556	3,103	0	3,103	SUNY-BUFFALO
2,190	1,241	949	0	0	0	SYRACUSE
3,014	1,356	1,658	437	284	153	TEMPLE
2,114	669	1,445	0	UA/NA	UA/NA	TENNESSEE
4,598	0	4,598	2,593	1,685	908	TEXAS
3,909	3,471	438	804	730	74	TEXAS TECH
1,873	0	1,873	29	29	0	TORONTO
5,277	0	5,277	0	0	0	TULANE
UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UTAH
6,867	5,487	1,380	0	0	0	VANDERBILT
UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	VIRGINIA
UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	WASHINGTON
1,006	150	856	3,223	577	2,646	WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS
1,075	0	1,075	325	0	325	WESTERN ONTARIO
3,117	0	3,117	2,957	0	2,957	WISCONSIN
9,556	123	9,433	302	0	302	YALE
SUMMARY DATA						
40,581	33,091	9,905	3,223	1,685	3,103	High
6,616	4,361	3,227	697	277	588	Mean
4,635	1,617	2,516	314	135	237	Median
1,006	1	308	1	6	1	Low
410,181	213,675	190,377	33,469	7,214	24,128	Sum
62	49	59	48	26	41	Number of Libraries

COLLECTIONS PART 2

		Microform Units	Government Documents	Computer Files	Manuscripts and Archives	Cartographic Materials	Graphic Materials	Audio Materials	Film and Video
(Survey Question Number)		(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
INSTITUTION	Notes								
ALABAMA	bG+	784,971	421,716	600	1,300	0	0	644	1,353
ARIZONA	G+	688,532	0	482	0	9	0	306	222
ARIZONA STATE	G	724,843	147,714	1,461	0	0	0	126	460
BOSTON	+	1,672,358	0	55	93	0	0	63	68
BOSTON COLLEGE	bG+	1,505,297	4,285	398	649	0	0	50	425
BRIGHAM YOUNG	bG+	826,143	UA/NA	UA/NA	0	UA/NA	UA/NA	1,395	UA/NA
CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	G	932,346	0	252	297	1	2,500	2	189
CALIFORNIA, DAVIS	G+	738,363	39,196	411	51	20	0	798	147
CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	G+	420,125	0	854	6	2	0	799	1,564
CASE WESTERN RESERVE	G+	541,803	2,097	300	107	0	0	163	2,383
CHICAGO	G+	332,521	UA/NA	426	UA/NA	0	0	462	409
CINCINNATI	G+	745,327	0	245	434	0	0	933	356
COLORADO	G	1,596,771	0	692	88	2	0	431	1,057
COLUMBIA	bG+	900,085	0	1,291	2,892	32	1	145	295
CONNECTICUT	G	1,113,037	0	507	122	0	0	779	351
CORNELL	bG+	975,051	UA/NA	39	0	0	0	360	225
DUKE	+	1,172,484	0	194	86	0	0	273	299
EMORY	+	607,189	47,278	169	62	5	0	75	405
FLORIDA	G+	1,642,972	UA/NA	41	UA/NA	9	0	17	1,177
FLORIDA STATE	G+	1,050,392	0	449	0	0	242	1,393	3,338
GEORGE WASHINGTON	bG+	1,380,733	0	110	115	0	0	235	250
GEORGETOWN	bG+	2,619,073	9,385	1,204	3,869	85	501	5,701	1,020
GEORGIA	+	616,237	937,229	1,471	147	1,499	0	384	341
HARVARD	+	2,100,091	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA
HAWAII	G	1,193,169	0	389	0	0	UA/NA	161	354
HOUSTON	bG+	1,591,069	0	0	0	0	0	2	30
HOWARD	bG+	418,117	2,205	27	800	0	0	198	575
ILLINOIS, URBANA	bG+	928,746	0	45	0	0	0	0	42
INDIANA	G+	1,642,727	0	670	647	0	1,054	920	1,305
IOWA	G+	1,736,819	UA/NA	2,971	UA/NA	3,505	11	1,001	1,177
KANSAS	+	532,536	9,021	192	10	3	0	63	168
KENTUCKY	G	1,218,726	0	190	0	0	0	0	490
LOUISIANA STATE	G+	2,230,841	UA/NA	1,520	20	752	12	2,933	1,370
LOUISVILLE	G	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA
MIAMI	G+	917,140	0	1,278	0	0	0	1,163	860
MICHIGAN	G+	1,626,832	0	57	0	0	0	101	128
MICHIGAN STATE	bG+	920,706	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	341	676
MINNESOTA	bG+	2,019,444	0	263	172	3	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA
MISSOURI	bG+	591,120	UA/NA	0	0	0	0	0	947
MONTREAL	G+	66,998	0	214	0	0	5	249	110
NEBRASKA	G+	1,034,514	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	0	0	508	412
NEW MEXICO	G	915,704	UA/NA	198	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA

COLLECTIONS PART 2

		Microform Units	Government Documents	Computer Files	Manuscripts and Archives	Cartographic Materials	Graphic Materials	Audio Materials	Film and Video
(Survey Question Number)		(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
INSTITUTION	Notes								
NEW YORK	bG+	999,107	16,333	1,212	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	2,741	702
NORTH CAROLINA	G+	986,471	0	1,279	0	0	6	1,276	770
NORTHWESTERN	G	1,004,232	0	578	0	0	0	12	105
NOTRE DAME	bG+	1,711,530	0	751	0	0	0	608	1,079
OHIO STATE	bG+	1,374,054	728	1,366	1	UA/NA	UA/NA	2,085	852
OKLAHOMA		859,878	0	0	0	0	0	0	55
OREGON	G+	952,137	0	18	0	0	0	1,220	336
PENNSYLVANIA	G+	1,103,938	UA/NA	232	2,254	UA/NA	UA/NA	2,634	1,685
PENNSYLVANIA STATE	G+	1,430,016	0	848	637	462	251	1	933
PITTSBURGH	G	1,336,272	0	315	UA/NA	0	1,753	408	357
QUEENS	G+	111,218	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA
RUTGERS-Camden	bG+	716,169	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RUTGERS-Newark	G+	701,926	123,001	1,291	1,166	0	0	0	0
SASKATCHEWAN	+	19,514	0	677	0	6	400	320	89
SOUTH CAROLINA		1,379,992	0	781	0	0	0	892	785
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	bG	590,897	0	687	50	61	28	565	581
SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	G	960,158	0	819	0	0	0	1,842	1,487
SUNY-BUFFALO	G+	1,202,536	0	1,513	100	0	400	6,046	1,821
SYRACUSE	G	1,364,441	0	376	0	0	0	2,010	1,333
TEMPLE	G+	889,814	580	756	16	UA/NA	UA/NA	114	766
TENNESSEE	+	1,461,294	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	0	0	UA/NA	UA/NA
TEXAS	G	1,231,160	0	816	3,228	0	0	3,516	2,712
TEXAS TECH		631,355	0	1,110	0	0	0	941	1,231
TORONTO	+	57,763	UA/NA	235	0	0	34	105	100
TULANE	bG+	1,238,895	139,469	669	1,206	0	558	501	435
UTAH	G	614,155	UA/NA	774	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	815	312
VANDERBILT	+	669,490	0	0	0	0	0	172	85
VIRGINIA	G+	1,346,120	34,982	102	2,848	533	2,303	14	859
WASHINGTON	G	1,023,893	0	86	0	0	0	160	382
WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS	G+	1,448,594	0	845	0	0	0	493	676
WESTERN ONTARIO	G+	58,912	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WISCONSIN	G	920,362	0	683	16	0	0	422	682
YALE	bG+	30,221	0	81	0	0	0	0	291
SUMMARY DATA									
High		2,619,073	937,229	2,971	3,869	3,505	2,500	6,046	3,338
Mean		1,022,952	120,951	622	734	388	592	870	715
Median		967,605	25,658	495	135	15	251	431	460
Low		19,514	580	18	1	1	1	1	30
Sum		75,698,466	1,935,219	38,565	23,489	6,989	10,059	53,087	46,479
Number of Libraries		74	16	62	32	18	17	61	65

+ – See footnotes

UA/NA – Unavailable or Not Applicable

G – Government documents not included in serials count

b – Basis of volume count is bibliographic

EXPENDITURES

		Monographs	Current Serials	Other Library Materials	Misc. Materials	Total Library Materials	Contract Binding
(Survey Question Number)		(15a)	(15b)	(15c)	(15d)	(15)	(16)
INSTITUTION	Notes						
ALABAMA	bG+	162,432	1,000,413	206,181	0	1,369,026	20,000
ARIZONA	G+	61,742	717,641	309,214	12,979	1,101,576	6,190
ARIZONA STATE	G	36,617	907,588	5,860	4,000	954,065	11,346
BOSTON	+	99,415	1,135,901	0	0	1,235,316	22,300
BOSTON COLLEGE	bG+	133,985	932,923	207,981	UA/NA	1,274,889	17,494
BRIGHAM YOUNG	bG+	59,444	753,143	10,249	0	822,836	10,466
CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	G	598,949	1,622,153	278,518	0	2,499,620	38,905
CALIFORNIA, DAVIS	G+	193,544	774,595	UA/NA	0	968,139	25,294
CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	G+	217,990	1,609,061	UA/NA	UA/NA	1,827,051	44,770
CASE WESTERN RESERVE	G+	60,962	1,054,574	206,705	6,429	1,328,670	11,703
CHICAGO	G+	549,606	1,421,949	14,579	UA/NA	1,986,134	53,357
CINCINNATI	G+	55,178	802,670	7,532	7,741	873,121	6,608
COLORADO	G	97,816	893,148	327,442	0	1,318,406	13,568
COLUMBIA	bG+	380,774	1,811,826	0	0	2,192,600	61,543
CONNECTICUT	G	105,664	1,230,044	19,021	100,453	1,455,182	29,489
CORNELL	bG+	934,261	479,048	143	34,108	1,447,560	22,754
DUKE	+	234,915	1,331,183	53,376	88,946	1,708,420	17,264
EMORY	+	67,287	825,656	8,000	249,161	1,150,104	5,799
FLORIDA	G+	193,890	688,138	347,964	23,355	1,253,347	17,102
FLORIDA STATE	G+	84,969	698,522	3,138	91,147	877,776	5,446
GEORGE WASHINGTON	bG+	1,585,954	1,205,028	0	0	2,790,982	66,517
GEORGETOWN	bG+	323,613	2,179,630	196,691	73,869	2,773,803	59,256
GEORGIA	+	99,570	919,420	407,815	21,026	1,447,831	13,361
HARVARD	+	696,630	2,500,173	535,850	1,021	3,733,674	177,361
HAWAII	G	16,974	467,335	86,649	86,001	656,959	3,013
HOUSTON	bG+	94,176	863,619	23,914	8	981,717	8,854
HOWARD	bG+	51,445	525,955	0	0	577,400	3,000
ILLINOIS, URBANA	bG+	14,380	992,381	0	0	1,006,761	UA/NA
INDIANA	G+	72,750	1,115,412	333,931	9,759	1,531,852	27,293
IOWA	G+	629,698	1,858,455	164,546	0	2,652,699	30,008
KANSAS	+	62,716	493,466	0	1,721	557,903	6,500
KENTUCKY	G	7,311	1,049,766	0	21,362	1,078,439	5,531
LOUISIANA STATE	G+	131,173	1,027,807	40,836	0	1,199,816	14,728
LOUISVILLE	G	255,588	1,033,379	45,426	UA/NA	1,334,393	17,246
MIAMI	G+	160,677	1,770,475	0	357,162	2,288,314	20,505
MICHIGAN	G+	183,899	2,129,989	84,392	51,095	2,449,375	64,079
MICHIGAN STATE	bG+	110,486	501,057	377,197	2,728	991,468	7,349
MINNESOTA	bG+	286,833	1,263,621	132,668	35,873	1,718,995	48,144
MISSOURI	bG+	124,831	400,473	8,664	0	533,968	4,663
MONTREAL	G+	107,630	592,849	0	0	700,479	7,535
NEBRASKA	G+	26,412	519,187	19,475	6,910	571,984	9,115
NEW MEXICO	G	44,177	364,597	70	UA/NA	408,844	3,211

EXPENDITURES

Salaries & Wages Professional Staff	Salaries & Wages Support Staff	Salaries & Wages Student Assistants	Salaries & Wages Total	Other Operating Expenditures	Total Library Expenditures	
(17a)	(17b)	(17c)	(17)	(19)	(20)	(Survey Question Number)
						INSTITUTION
646,240	200,110	62,638	908,988	117,416	2,415,430	ALABAMA
654,904	304,978	17,613	977,495	44,665	2,129,926	ARIZONA
481,562	386,529	22,838	890,929	62,968	1,919,308	ARIZONA STATE
890,969	267,338	73,792	1,232,099	405,442	2,895,157	BOSTON
1,026,530	363,319	52,531	1,442,380	188,973	2,923,736	BOSTON COLLEGE
654,261	95,191	227,835	977,287	111,922	1,922,511	BRIGHAM YOUNG
1,336,066	1,255,543	313,778	2,905,387	712,169	6,156,081	CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY
608,312	377,662	13,137	999,111	102,864	2,095,408	CALIFORNIA, DAVIS
1,136,016	470,317	95,383	1,701,716	375,456	3,948,993	CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES
851,755	337,202	109,551	1,298,508	176,695	2,815,576	CASE WESTERN RESERVE
833,199	491,741	60,998	1,385,938	79,542	3,504,971	CHICAGO
480,840	247,401	47,900	776,141	130,033	1,785,903	CINCINNATI
609,176	344,570	62,312	1,016,058	118,406	2,466,438	COLORADO
1,375,015	831,219	94,778	2,301,012	407,564	4,962,719	COLUMBIA
798,177	452,127	63,815	1,314,119	232,412	3,031,202	CONNECTICUT
686,479	445,871	39,852	1,172,202	76,954	2,719,470	CORNELL
869,480	395,904	40,081	1,305,465	86,116	3,117,265	DUKE
666,235	277,632	78,193	1,022,060	352,880	2,530,843	EMORY
821,574	594,811	90,170	1,506,555	6,466	2,783,470	FLORIDA
587,401	184,821	74,114	846,336	68,673	1,798,231	FLORIDA STATE
1,596,477	686,500	165,786	2,448,763	161,456	5,467,718	GEORGE WASHINGTON
1,894,627	1,583,807	280,468	3,758,902	702,309	7,294,270	GEORGETOWN
503,310	258,499	46,881	808,690	301,891	2,571,773	GEORGIA
3,547,004	2,152,394	83,553	5,782,951	957,653	10,651,639	HARVARD
436,583	88,527	211,558	736,668	221,139	1,617,779	HAWAII
638,947	232,096	101,948	972,991	164,568	2,128,130	HOUSTON
531,026	251,435	58,278	840,739	11,708	1,432,847	HOWARD
629,068	269,260	29,411	927,739	UA/NA	1,934,500	ILLINOIS, URBANA
757,714	238,578	60,305	1,056,597	15,683	2,631,425	INDIANA
977,419	656,309	101,773	1,735,501	204,917	4,623,125	IOWA
376,677	213,036	37,113	626,826	70,870	1,262,099	KANSAS
288,906	156,733	39,843	485,482	78,776	1,648,228	KENTUCKY
713,603	281,165	97,311	1,092,079	157,354	2,463,977	LOUISIANA STATE
434,741	238,182	28,805	701,728	237,834	2,291,201	LOUISVILLE
655,582	395,947	65,876	1,117,405	284,740	3,710,964	MIAMI
UA/NA	UA/NA	289,706	2,314,690	504,644	5,332,788	MICHIGAN
593,998	131,960	137,527	863,485	20,207	1,882,509	MICHIGAN STATE
1,076,548	580,192	177,310	1,834,050	369,208	3,970,397	MINNESOTA
394,708	248,765	60,263	703,736	28,501	1,270,868	MISSOURI
295,710	380,119	0	675,829	11,823	1,395,665	MONTREAL
356,946	150,479	48,065	555,490	34,907	1,171,496	NEBRASKA
497,362	321,137	41,979	860,478	658,581	1,931,114	NEW MEXICO

EXPENDITURES

		Monographs	Current Serials	Other Library Materials	Misc. Materials	Total Library Materials	Contract Binding
(Survey Question Number)		(15a)	(15b)	(15c)	(15d)	(15)	(16)
INSTITUTION	Notes						
NEW YORK	bG+	148,668	1,942,314	UA/NA	UA/NA	2,090,982	36,000
NORTH CAROLINA	G+	166,216	1,383,399	2,575	UA/NA	1,552,190	12,336
NORTHWESTERN	G	117,355	966,731	5,223	266,908	1,356,217	36,408
NOTRE DAME	bG+	248,869	1,194,608	UA/NA	42,000	1,485,477	14,996
OHIO STATE	bG+	170,275	919,425	45,990	377,537	1,513,227	20,905
OKLAHOMA		109,947	417,432	281,794	0	809,173	6,712
OREGON	G+	48,266	630,801	UA/NA	186,425	865,492	13,859
PENNSYLVANIA	G+	176,353	1,501,263	11,166	UA/NA	1,688,782	49,199
PENNSYLVANIA STATE	G+	63,473	683,532	0	0	747,005	15,784
PITTSBURGH	G	66,511	674,233	46,613	UA/NA	787,357	11,579
QUEENS	G+	259,252	354,720	3,209	UA/NA	617,182	12,823
RUTGERS-Camden	bG+	48,554	600,355	14,240	31,944	695,093	6,342
RUTGERS-Newark	G+	90,264	608,091	0	6,706	705,061	8,257
SASKATCHEWAN	+	103,527	657,268	UA/NA	UA/NA	760,795	6,305
SOUTH CAROLINA		24,191	777,642	1,548	0	803,381	7,610
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	bG	56,788	764,270	67,589	0	888,647	19,331
SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	G	56,028	756,510	3,646	0	816,184	8,456
SUNY-BUFFALO	G+	54,070	1,015,615	58,360	106,835	1,234,880	2,081
SYRACUSE	G	82,786	921,458	209,930	0	1,214,174	11,082
TEMPLE	G+	406,000	1,069,810	16,729	2,232	1,494,771	18,062
TENNESSEE	+	88,994	854,739	77,065	1,704	1,022,502	11,474
TEXAS	G	216,207	990,949	298,384	0	1,505,540	21,551
TEXAS TECH		195,072	568,398	79,548	339,861	1,182,879	11,134
TORONTO	+	61,850	661,088	21,041	UA/NA	743,980	11,438
TULANE	bG+	30,992	969,344	UA/NA	0	1,000,336	13,945
UTAH	G	88,614	770,926	UA/NA	105,881	965,421	1,844
VANDERBILT	+	50,641	1,424,779	0	0	1,475,420	16,272
VIRGINIA	G+	177,537	1,063,490	85,359	26,076	1,352,462	16,180
WASHINGTON	G	95,503	1,137,814	UA/NA	UA/NA	1,233,317	25,173
WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS	G+	96,727	782,539	537,633	0	1,416,899	8,556
WESTERN ONTARIO	G+	106,727	608,636	UA/NA	0	715,363	11,555
WISCONSIN	G	80,164	960,638	24,599	9,488	1,074,889	10,085
YALE	bG+	799,126	1,589,493	290,449	46,983	2,726,051	55,311

SUMMARY DATA

High	1,585,954	2,500,173	537,633	377,537	3,733,674	177,361
Mean	186,692	995,821	125,410	76,687	1,308,968	21,234
Median	103,527	919,425	53,376	31,944	1,214,174	13,714
Low	7,311	354,720	70	8	408,844	1,844
Sum	14,001,910	74,686,560	6,646,718	2,837,434	98,172,621	1,571,312
Number of Libraries	75	75	53	37	75	74

+ – See footnotes

UA/NA – Unavailable or Not Applicable

G – Government documents not included in serials count

b – Basis of volume count is bibliographic

EXPENDITURES

Salaries & Wages Professional Staff (17a)	Salaries & Wages Support Staff (17b)	Salaries & Wages Student Assistants (17c)	Total Salaries & Wages (17)	Other Operating Expenditures (19)	Total Library Expenditures (20)	(Survey Question Number)
INSTITUTION						
1,454,557	991,809	73,015	2,519,381	368,000	5,014,363	NEW YORK
743,931	297,834	74,799	1,116,564	123,968	2,805,058	NORTH CAROLINA
687,053	621,771	31,270	1,340,094	236,998	2,969,717	NORTHWESTERN
710,600	407,462	81,725	1,199,787	537,089	3,237,349	NOTRE DAME
592,542	349,137	79,874	1,021,553	82,644	2,638,329	OHIO STATE
437,768	164,984	47,977	650,729	87,320	1,553,934	OKLAHOMA
402,602	172,495	85,474	660,571	82,587	1,622,509	OREGON
1,094,107	647,161	28,568	1,769,836	164,575	3,672,392	PENNSYLVANIA
627,779	332,580	47,510	1,007,869	79,445	1,850,103	PENNSYLVANIA STATE
470,110	215,586	23,490	709,186	357,022	1,865,144	PITTSBURGH
127,905	252,667	36,469	417,041	21,995	1,069,042	QUEENS
591,875	482,322	9,025	1,083,222	27,802	1,812,459	RUTGERS
684,678	416,319	45,983	1,146,980	126,027	1,986,325	RUTGERS
185,455	162,197	19,806	367,458	UA/NA	1,134,558	SASKATCHEWAN
508,678	248,925	18,669	776,272	360,625	1,947,888	SOUTH CAROLINA
862,809	485,458	83,530	1,431,797	199,391	2,539,166	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA
378,845	245,309	48,380	672,534	44,089	1,541,263	SOUTHERN ILLINOIS
737,352	217,699	127,446	1,082,497	262,365	2,581,823	SUNY-BUFFALO
619,134	291,690	59,946	970,770	95,075	2,291,101	SYRACUSE
701,231	234,738	133,912	1,069,881	257,123	2,839,837	TEMPLE
658,773	453,046	87,480	1,199,299	186,345	2,419,620	TENNESSEE
890,145	652,541	46,556	1,589,242	385,181	3,501,514	TEXAS
440,092	597,577	75,609	1,113,278	377,023	2,684,314	TEXAS TECH
629,008	353,390	59,799	1,042,197	105,419	1,903,034	TORONTO
254,807	200,508	57,018	512,333	184,658	1,711,272	TULANE
522,899	265,714	42,116	830,729	57,177	1,855,171	UTAH
385,510	310,764	43,270	739,544	193,680	2,424,916	VANDERBILT
917,000	577,848	47,047	1,541,895	168,179	3,078,716	VIRGINIA
1,045,557	524,937	81,658	1,652,152	214,636	3,125,278	WASHINGTON
570,200	299,659	65,159	935,018	465,110	2,825,583	WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS
188,193	110,435	9,428	308,055	9,564	1,044,537	WESTERN ONTARIO
873,913	308,995	135,984	1,318,892	146,683	2,550,549	WISCONSIN
1,501,282	1,130,203	63,401	2,694,886	640,000	6,116,248	YALE
SUMMARY DATA						
3,547,004	2,152,394	313,778	5,782,951	957,653	10,651,639	High
739,291	417,070	78,060	1,244,962	215,126	2,784,270	Mean
650,251	315,951	61,655	1,042,197	164,568	2,466,438	Median
127,905	88,527	9,025	308,055	6,466	1,044,537	Low
54,707,537	30,863,167	5,776,460	93,372,148	15,704,180	208,820,262	Sum
74	74	74	75	73	75	Number of Libraries

ELECTRONIC RESOURCES EXPENDITURES

		One-time Electronic Resource Purchases	Ongoing Electronic Resource Purchases	Total Electronic Resource Purchases	Total Library Materials Expenditures	Electronic Resources as a % of Library Materials Budget
(Survey Question Number)		(21)	(22)	(21 + 22)	(15)	
INSTITUTION	Notes					
ALABAMA	bG+	0	206,181	206,181	1,369,026	15
ARIZONA	G+	UA/NA	UA/NA	0	1,101,576	0
ARIZONA STATE	G	0	288,328	288,328	954,065	30
BOSTON	+	12,000	214,655	226,655	1,235,316	18
BOSTON COLLEGE	bG+	UA/NA	85,533	85,533	1,274,889	7
BRIGHAM YOUNG	bG+	62,000	255,068	317,068	822,836	39
CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	G	0	0	0	2,499,620	UA/NA
CALIFORNIA, DAVIS	G+	0	179,313	179,313	968,139	19
CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	G+	UA/NA	UA/NA	0	1,827,051	UA/NA
CASE WESTERN RESERVE	G+	0	206,705	206,705	1,328,670	16
CHICAGO	G+	43,000	181,438	224,438	1,986,134	11
CINCINNATI	G+	0	94,838	94,838	873,121	11
COLORADO	G	101,595	143,929	245,524	1,318,406	19
COLUMBIA	bG+	0	359,720	359,720	2,192,600	16
CONNECTICUT	G	0	181,468	181,468	1,455,182	12
CORNELL	bG+	0	91,323	91,323	1,447,560	6
DUKE	+	UA/NA	204,091	204,091	1,708,420	12
EMORY	+	0	235,332	235,332	1,150,104	20
FLORIDA	G+	87,048	426,350	513,398	1,253,347	41
FLORIDA STATE	G+	0	279,356	279,356	877,776	32
GEORGE WASHINGTON	bG+	57,850	369,562	427,412	2,790,982	15
GEORGETOWN	bG+	176,086	313,590	489,676	2,773,803	18
GEORGIA	+	405,743	151,204	556,947	1,447,831	38
HARVARD	+	372,874	UA/NA	372,874	3,733,674	10
HAWAII	G	0	134,999	134,999	656,959	21
HOUSTON	bG+	0	240,447	240,447	981,717	24
HOWARD	bG+	0	92,118	92,118	577,400	16
ILLINOIS, URBANA	bG+	0	147,573	147,573	1,006,761	15
INDIANA	G+	750	303,462	304,212	1,531,852	20
IOWA	G+	76,908	164,546	241,454	2,652,699	9
KANSAS	+	UA/NA	UA/NA	0	557,903	UA/NA
KENTUCKY	G	0	100,880	100,880	1,078,439	9
LOUISIANA STATE	G+	0	229,723	229,723	1,199,816	19
LOUISVILLE	G	UA/NA	90,514	90,514	1,334,393	7
MIAMI	G+	39,000	318,162	357,162	2,288,314	16
MICHIGAN	G+	35,000	210,150	245,150	2,449,375	10
MICHIGAN STATE	bG+	UA/NA	326,418	326,418	991,468	33
MINNESOTA	bG+	58,333	218,298	276,631	1,718,995	16
MISSOURI	bG+	UA/NA	234,785	234,785	533,968	44
MONTREAL	G+	UA/NA	118,592	118,592	700,479	17
NEBRASKA	G+	0	194,375	194,375	571,984	34
NEW MEXICO	G	105,833	UA/NA	105,833	408,844	26

ELECTRONIC RESOURCES EXPENDITURES

Bibl. Utilities, Networks, etc. Library Expenditures	Bibl. Utilities, Networks, etc. External Expenditures	Computer Hardware and Software Expenditures	Document Delivery/ Interlibrary Loan Expenditures	(25) (Survey Question Number)
(23a)	(23b)	(24)		INSTITUTION
46,768	0	31,775	823	ALABAMA
UA/NA	UA/NA	9,971	102	ARIZONA
12,984	0	8,078	1,081	ARIZONA STATE
34,875	0	3,999	5,725	BOSTON
18,411	0	36,719	231	BOSTON COLLEGE
0	UA/NA	1,565	UA/NA	BRIGHAM YOUNG
0	0	0	0	CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY
16,919	0	0	35	CALIFORNIA, DAVIS
UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES
6,212	0	0	217	CASE WESTERN RESERVE
30,446	0	48,732	804	CHICAGO
6,272	0	56,810	1,470	CINCINNATI
22,000	0	28,609	323	COLORADO
6,834	0	111,684	19,523	COLUMBIA
28,000	0	49,178	12,192	CONNECTICUT
0	0	4,566	5,303	CORNELL
10,000	0	17,940	419	DUKE
13,829	0	1,156	2,819	EMORY
0	6,427	9,347	76	FLORIDA
0	47,731	17,058	1,073	FLORIDA STATE
0	35,663	97,298	45,822	GEORGE WASHINGTON
50,727	UA/NA	51,775	14,985	GEORGETOWN
62,207	26,550	21,566	659	GEORGIA
23,632	UA/NA	161,784	UA/NA	HARVARD
45,263	UA/NA	8,665	0	HAWAII
31,997	0	2,440	1,944	HOUSTON
0	0	11,932	125	HOWARD
UA/NA	UA/NA	5,000	UA/NA	ILLINOIS, URBANA
6,890	0	0	0	INDIANA
21,965	UA/NA	76,480	8,053	IOWA
UA/NA	7,400	21,548	46	KANSAS
5,000	0	4,346	440	KENTUCKY
32,710	20,277	58,845	1,404	LOUISIANA STATE
UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	519	LOUISVILLE
20,000	0	53,568	456	MIAMI
57,024	0	131,676	10,317	MICHIGAN
14,477	0	0	3,323	MICHIGAN STATE
15,483	0	8,174	2,199	MINNESOTA
21,241	UA/NA	13,199	926	MISSOURI
UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	MONTREAL
0	4,997	39,395	0	NEBRASKA
UA/NA	UA/NA	33,559	UA/NA	NEW MEXICO

ELECTRONIC RESOURCES EXPENDITURES

		One-time Electronic Resource Purchases	Ongoing Electronic Resource Purchases	Total Electronic Resource Purchases	Total Library Materials Expenditures	Electronic Resources as a % of Library Materials Budget
(Survey Question Number)		(21)	(22)	(21 + 22)	(15)	
INSTITUTION	Notes					
NEW YORK	bG+	UA/NA	574,361	574,361	2,090,982	27
NORTH CAROLINA	G+	37,800	206,823	244,623	1,552,190	16
NORTHWESTERN	G	0	266,908	266,908	1,356,217	20
NOTRE DAME	bG+	1,250	414,124	415,374	1,485,477	28
OHIO STATE	bG+	93,617	UA/NA	93,617	1,513,227	6
OKLAHOMA		1,799	281,794	283,593	809,173	35
OREGON	G+	32,100	153,793	185,893	865,492	21
PENNSYLVANIA	G+	UA/NA	188,498	188,498	1,688,782	11
PENNSYLVANIA STATE	G+	0	599,467	599,467	747,005	80
PITTSBURGH	G	71,150	214,062	285,212	787,357	36
QUEENS	G+	UA/NA	247,464	247,464	617,182	40
RUTGERS-Camden	bG+	0	103,044	103,044	695,093	15
RUTGERS-Newark	G+	32,345	142,899	175,244	705,061	25
SASKATCHEWAN	+	UA/NA	UA/NA	0	760,795	UA/NA
SOUTH CAROLINA		0	230,856	230,856	803,381	29
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	bG	0	56,325	56,325	888,647	6
SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	G	0	115,959	115,959	816,184	14
SUNY-BUFFALO	G+	40,436	229,827	270,263	1,234,880	22
SYRACUSE	G	14,150	209,930	224,080	1,214,174	18
TEMPLE	G+	164,600	201,279	365,879	1,494,771	24
TENNESSEE	+	UA/NA	199,229	199,229	1,022,502	19
TEXAS	G	0	298,384	298,384	1,505,540	20
TEXAS TECH		0	325,522	325,522	1,182,879	28
TORONTO	+	UA/NA	73,935	73,935	743,980	10
TULANE	bG+	20,580	329,994	350,574	1,000,336	35
UTAH	G	3,855	80,074	83,929	965,421	9
VANDERBILT	+	82,476	478,346	560,822	1,475,420	38
VIRGINIA	G+	0	180,773	180,773	1,352,462	13
WASHINGTON	G	UA/NA	185,530	185,530	1,233,317	15
WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS	G+	146,584	301,114	447,698	1,416,899	32
WESTERN ONTARIO	G+	UA/NA	UA/NA	0	715,363	UA/NA
WISCONSIN	G	17,390	191,125	208,515	1,074,889	19
YALE	bG+	0	190,447	190,447	2,726,051	7
SUMMARY DATA						
High		405,743	599,467	599,467	3,733,674	80
Mean		79,805	225,226	250,131	1,308,968	21
Median		50,425	206,764	230,856	1,214,174	19
Low		750	56,325	56,325	408,844	6
Sum		2,394,152	14,864,912	17,259,064	98,172,621	
Number of Libraries		30	66	69	75	69

+ – See footnotes

UA/NA – Unavailable or Not Applicable

G – Government documents not included in serials count

b – Basis of volume count is bibliographic

ELECTRONIC RESOURCES EXPENDITURES

Bibl. Utilities, Networks, etc. Library Expenditures	Bibl. Utilities, Networks, etc. External Expenditures	Computer Hardware and Software Expenditures	Document Delivery/ Interlibrary Loan Expenditures	(25) (Survey Question Number)	INSTITUTION
(23a)	(23b)	(24)			
40,000	UA/NA	84,000	UA/NA		NEW YORK
10,000	UA/NA	4,598	414		NORTH CAROLINA
18,173	0	31,732	5,223		NORTHWESTERN
0	33,369	11,963	4,371		NOTRE DAME
25,000	UA/NA	12,488	137		OHIO STATE
12,192	0	10,452	0		OKLAHOMA
5,649	0	34,449	UA/NA		OREGON
33,491	UA/NA	58,457	UA/NA		PENNSYLVANIA
0	22,018	17,481	140		PENNSYLVANIA STATE
UA/NA	6,846	4,440	253		PITTSBURGH
UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA		QUEENS
9,172	0	961	2,500		RUTGERS
18,900	0	46,688	3,251		RUTGERS
UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA		SASKATCHEWAN
7,968	0	0	1,295		SOUTH CAROLINA
5,423	4,117	3,715	3,428		SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA
2,170	0	0	0		SOUTHERN ILLINOIS
UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA		SUNY-BUFFALO
22,156	0	5,792	1,764		SYRACUSE
2,232	0	132,530	4,231		TEMPLE
17,255	UA/NA	24,350	176		TENNESSEE
11,742	0	142,427	478		TEXAS
12,762	0	228,609	995		TEXAS TECH
UA/NA	UA/NA	68,445	UA/NA		TORONTO
10,746	0	78,610	7,003		TULANE
21,729	3,000	12,074	674		UTAH
6,406	0	39,655	1,000		VANDERBILT
20,000	1,997	44,944	19,727		VIRGINIA
20,684	UA/NA	38,412	UA/NA		WASHINGTON
30,997	0	80,174	2,383		WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS
UA/NA	0	UA/NA	0		WESTERN ONTARIO
UA/NA	UA/NA	14,527	329		WISCONSIN
0	275,000	60,000	11,000		YALE
SUMMARY DATA					
62,207	275,000	228,609	45,822		High
20,540	35,385	41,482	3,967		Mean
18,292	13,839	28,609	1,077		Median
2,170	1,997	961	35		Low
1,027,013	495,392	2,530,410	214,206		Sum
50	14	61	54		Number of Libraries

PERSONNEL AND PUBLIC SERVICES

		Professional Staff (FTE)	Support Staff (FTE)	Student Assistants (FTE)	Total Staff (FTE)	Staffed Service Points	Library Service Hours
(Survey Question Number)		(26a)	(26b)	(26c)	(26)	(27)	(28)
INSTITUTION	Notes						
ALABAMA	bG+	9	7	5	21	4	110
ARIZONA	G+	13	12	1	26	2	99
ARIZONA STATE	G	9	13	2	24	2	111
BOSTON	+	11	14	6	31	3	102
BOSTON COLLEGE	bG+	14	10	5	29	2	105
BRIGHAM YOUNG	bG+	11	4	19	34	3	105
CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	G	18	25	14	57	0	UA/NA
CALIFORNIA, DAVIS	G+	7	10	2	19	2	78
CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	G+	14	15	5	34	1	UA/NA
CASE WESTERN RESERVE	G+	13	10	5	28	2	UA/NA
CHICAGO	G+	10	17	3	30	2	90
CINCINNATI	G+	8	6	3	17	2	95
COLORADO	G	8	10	2	20	2	104
COLUMBIA	bG+	20	24	5	49	2	-1
CONNECTICUT	G	12	11	3	26	3	89
CORNELL	bG+	10	12	4	26	2	80
DUKE	+	11	11	4	26	3	104
EMORY	+	10	7	4	21	2	109
FLORIDA	G+	10	11	19	40	2	94
FLORIDA STATE	G+	10	7	5	22	6	UA/NA
GEORGE WASHINGTON	bG+	20	21	6	47	3	110
GEORGETOWN	bG+	27	41	18	86	5	107
GEORGIA	+	8	11	4	23	3	118
HARVARD	+	48	70	5	123	UA/NA	UA/NA
HAWAII	G	5	4	6	15	2	94
HOUSTON	bG+	13	9	7	29	3	-1
HOWARD	bG+	10	10	10	30	2	115
ILLINOIS, URBANA	bG+	12	6	4	22	2	102
INDIANA	G+	11	9	4	24	4	115
IOWA	G+	16	17	6	39	3	106
KANSAS	+	7	6	8	21	2	95
KENTUCKY	G	7	6	3	16	2	135
LOUISIANA STATE	G+	11	10	15	36	3	101
LOUISVILLE	G	6	8	2	16	1	89
MIAMI	G+	14	15	5	34	2	111
MICHIGAN	G+	11	29	13	53	2	112
MICHIGAN STATE	bG+	9	4	7	20	3	109
MINNESOTA	bG+	14	13	9	36	3	81
MISSOURI	bG+	8	9	4	21	5	73
MONTREAL	G+	5	11	0	16	3	89
NEBRASKA	G+	5	8	4	17	2	109
NEW MEXICO	G	7	10	3	20	2	90

PERSONNEL AND PUBLIC SERVICES

Library Presentations to Groups	Participants in Group Presentations	Reference Transactions	Initial Circulation Transactions	Total Circulation Transactions	Total Items Loaned (ILL)	Total Items Borrowed (ILL)	
(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(Survey Question Number)
INSTITUTION							
50	UA/NA	2,282	5,751	7,012	438	163	ALABAMA
591	4,354	3,676	3,526	4,643	265	172	ARIZONA
35	835	13,793	3,682	26,204	654	614	ARIZONA STATE
293	3,967	6,275	6,863	14,318	187	1,465	BOSTON
310	7,184	1,474	5,942	8,641	638	705	BOSTON COLLEGE
263	5,656	7,662	8,739	13,010	671	579	BRIGHAM YOUNG
0	0	0	15,849	33,280	92	144	CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY
82	1,302	16,120	11,651	14,905	171	569	CALIFORNIA, DAVIS
103	2,282	4,247	10,993	285,025	UA/NA	UA/NA	CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES
79	1,411	8,100	5,021	10,255	686	1,844	CASE WESTERN RESERVE
128	1,774	5,700	19,722	24,405	39	694	CHICAGO
47	181	13,445	4,904	7,982	102	94	CINCINNATI
78	317	2,454	6,388	8,656	1,060	948	COLORADO
121	1,858	14,112	17,740	25,845	6,085	686	COLUMBIA
101	1,202	4,946	5,621	8,815	578	1,669	CONNECTICUT
237	1,201	4,641	13,984	18,418	1,742	1,146	CORNELL
80	808	4,750	27,889	42,930	530	847	DUKE
53	457	4,734	6,137	7,680	452	1,020	EMORY
UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	7,779	13,441	96	434	FLORIDA
119	1,917	5,304	3,297	6,743	336	378	FLORIDA STATE
54	830	UA/NA	6,182	9,537	1,676	1,501	GEORGE WASHINGTON
334	4,890	10,906	16,222	36,983	3,477	2,233	GEORGETOWN
26	697	3,550	4,448	8,678	777	150	GEORGIA
UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	62,289	1,561	1,190	HARVARD
37	852	2,853	3,016	4,478	372	16	HAWAII
79	1,325	3,661	3,390	5,670	337	833	HOUSTON
100	1,200	1,900	1,012	1,658	1,200	110	HOWARD
106	305	2,315	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	ILLINOIS, URBANA
122	2,828	20,300	18,578	25,515	1,341	643	INDIANA
224	2,902	9,078	20,745	25,154	1,413	837	IOWA
42	380	6,984	9,750	13,750	820	403	KANSAS
7	89	1,796	5,447	6,970	227	470	KENTUCKY
37	958	4,471	2,784	4,088	231	196	LOUISIANA STATE
UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	LOUISVILLE
383	7,397	29,004	7,509	19,852	631	714	MIAMI
74	1,787	6,306	30,760	54,826	1,043	480	MICHIGAN
85	2,642	5,667	4,694	10,950	263	545	MICHIGAN STATE
180	1,070	9,200	16,121	23,641	2,611	765	MINNESOTA
150	1,500	2,300	3,572	4,614	1,451	360	MISSOURI
73	1,227	12,887	24,360	40,640	494	348	MONTREAL
20	539	4,149	45,182	59,278	648	184	NEBRASKA
120	1,170	3,782	3,514	9,753	368	128	NEW MEXICO

PERSONNEL AND PUBLIC SERVICES

		Professional Staff (FTE)	Support Staff (FTE)	Student Assistants (FTE)	Total Staff (FTE)	Staffed Service Points	Library Service Hours
(Survey Question Number)		(26a)	(26b)	(26c)	(26)	(27)	(28)
INSTITUTION	Notes						
NEW YORK	bG+	13	30	20	63	6	91
NORTH CAROLINA	G+	13	9	4	26	2	109
NORTHWESTERN	G	11	18	2	31	4	105
NOTRE DAME	bG+	10	13	9	32	2	95
OHIO STATE	bG+	7	10	5	22	2	105
OKLAHOMA		7	7	8	22	2	96
OREGON	G+	7	6	5	18	2	106
PENNSYLVANIA	G+	15	19	2	36	2	116
PENNSYLVANIA STATE	G+	10	12	6	28	2	94
PITTSBURGH	G	8	10	2	20	1	103
QUEENS	G+	3	7	2	12	2	95
RUTGERS-Camden	bG+	7	12	2	21	2	103
RUTGERS-Newark	G+	9	10	2	21	3	95
SASKATCHEWAN	+	3	5	1	9	27	85
SOUTH CAROLINA		8	7	2	17	2	107
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	bG	10	9	4	23	3	100
SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	G	4	8	8	20	3	78
SUNY-BUFFALO	G+	12	10	8	30	3	105
SYRACUSE	G	12	9	5	26	2	106
TEMPLE	G+	12	7	6	25	2	96
TENNESSEE	+	9	13	11	33	2	-1
TEXAS	G	15	21	4	40	5	99
TEXAS TECH		8	19	5	32	3	96
TORONTO	+	6	7	4	17	2	88
TULANE	bG+	8	9	4	21	3	112
UTAH	G	8	9	5	22	4	95
VANDERBILT	+	6	9	5	20	2	111
VIRGINIA	G+	12	17	3	32	7	-1
WASHINGTON	G	14	14	5	33	3	89
WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS	G+	9	11	6	26	2	120
WESTERN ONTARIO	G+	4	4	1	9	1	80
WISCONSIN	G	12	11	8	31	3	104
YALE	bG+	20	24	15	59	5	86
SUMMARY DATA							
High		48	70	20	123	27	135
Mean		11	13	6	29	3	100
Median		10	10	5	26	2	102
Low		3	4	1	9	1	73
Sum		814	949	438	2,201	220	
Number of Libraries		75	75	74	75	73	66

+ – See footnotes

UA/NA – Unavailable or Not Applicable

G – Government documents not included in serials count

b – Basis of volume count is bibliographic

PERSONNEL AND PUBLIC SERVICES

Library Presentations to Groups *	Participants in Group Presentations *	Reference Transactions *	Initial Circulation Transactions	Total Circulation Transactions	Total Items Loaned (ILL)	Total Items Borrowed (ILL)	
(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(Survey Question Number)
INSTITUTION							
80	1,300	19,000	18,500	64,000	970	1,850	NEW YORK
166	3,238	5,295	3,742	7,728	548	357	NORTH CAROLINA
118	1,197	5,432	9,794	17,294	1,732	1,800	NORTHWESTERN
UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	11,438	19,427	932	848	NOTRE DAME
174	987	4,877	9,847	41,572	336	289	OHIO STATE
344	1,115	1,581	3,832	5,142	103	337	OKLAHOMA
59	579	2,029	4,425	7,852	UA/NA	UA/NA	OREGON
281	4,737	UA/NA	36,612	38,655	1,312	1,238	PENNSYLVANIA
67	953	3,280	3,481	4,223	9	419	PENNSYLVANIA STATE
89	1,572	2,984	2,958	4,492	402	100	PITTSBURGH
19	1,530	1,956	7,218	8,108	UA/NA	UA/NA	QUEENS
6	180	1,341	4,015	4,064	71	266	RUTGERS
26	450	11,735	3,013	6,627	23	154	RUTGERS
34	1,212	2,452	12,651	15,935	255	48	SASKATCHEWAN
450	355	5,250	6,883	6,883	100	492	SOUTH CAROLINA
365	420	2,871	5,820	12,286	81	488	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA
121	334	1,879	2,653	3,454	433	140	SOUTHERN ILLINOIS
80	980	9,100	7,491	13,051	892	900	SUNY-BUFFALO
84	1,213	10,594	4,227	7,496	252	389	SYRACUSE
93	1,251	23,482	5,694	6,604	18	339	TEMPLE
UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	80	110	TENNESSEE
24	432	5,943	19,113	39,147	1,458	588	TEXAS
76	1,355	3,896	16,470	17,167	323	270	TEXAS TECH
184	1,507	39,019	11,036	16,498	744	255	TORONTO
46	1,010	5,280	5,818	6,421	257	954	TULANE
207	1,154	8,424	7,180	15,322	850	429	UTAH
113	226	2,730	4,043	8,138	453	3,350	VANDERBILT
28	400	13,500	36,978	46,073	1,183	776	VIRGINIA
164	2,551	UA/NA	UA/NA	21,060	1,615	1,956	WASHINGTON
257	940	UA/NA	8,283	17,624	868	1,297	WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS
66	605	2,240	8,844	10,549	428	0	WESTERN ONTARIO
52	632	UA/NA	8,669	14,036	380	620	WISCONSIN
140	1,330	6,553	27,993	47,237	1,679	2,300	YALE
SUMMARY DATA							
591	7,397	39,019	45,182	285,025	6,085	3,350	High
131	1,574	7,305	10,536	21,732	779	719	Mean
89	1,199	5,098	7,032	13,031	512	545	Median
6	89	1,341	1,012	1,658	9	16	Low
9,036	107,039	467,547	737,485	1,564,697	54,550	49,636	Sum
69	68	64	70	72	70	69	Number of Libraries

* Figures in italics are derived from a sampling method rather than an actual annual count.

RANK ORDER TABLE 1: VOLUMES IN LIBRARY

INSTITUTION	LAW LIBRARY VOLUMES	TOTAL VOLUMES	LAW % OF TOTAL	INSTITUTION	LAW LIBRARY VOLUMES	TOTAL VOLUMES	LAW % OF TOTAL
1 HARVARD	1,765,543	15,965,675	11	39 COLORADO	331,485	3,843,458	9
2 COLUMBIA	903,410	10,004,848	9	40 ALABAMA	328,668	2,835,808	12
3 YALE	895,837	12,283,594	7	41 FLORIDA	322,990	4,229,717	8
4 IOWA	798,317	4,765,690	17	42 RUTGERS-Camden	320,218	4,462,249	7
5 NEW YORK	781,214	4,946,277	16	43 SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	313,032	4,039,228	8
6 TEXAS	780,177	9,323,252	8	44 TULANE	311,355	3,106,645	10
7 MINNESOTA	730,399	6,867,777	11	45 FLORIDA STATE	307,797	3,442,420	9
8 MICHIGAN	700,417	8,414,070	8	46 CASE WESTERN RESERVE	306,226	2,518,324	12
9 CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	682,682	10,725,334	6	47 SUNY-BUFFALO	299,979	3,655,089	8
10 VIRGINIA	644,112	5,465,077	12	48 PENNSYLVANIA STATE	299,480	5,220,080	6
11 PENNSYLVANIA	623,953	5,994,465	10	49 CALIFORNIA, DAVIS	294,938	3,599,983	8
12 GEORGIA	623,325	4,559,220	14	50 CINCINNATI	284,250	3,418,599	8
13 ILLINOIS, URBANA	622,275	10,712,706	6	51 SOUTH CAROLINA	282,662	3,579,504	8
14 NORTHWESTERN	582,332	4,768,588	12	52 KANSAS	277,564	4,210,639	7
15 OHIO STATE	576,533	6,244,095	9	53 ARIZONA STATE	272,173	4,342,425	6
16 CORNELL	564,386	7,999,177	7	54 KENTUCKY	261,953	3,537,710	7
17 GEORGETOWN	562,986	2,955,278	19	55 BOSTON COLLEGE	245,824	2,446,744	10
18 CHICAGO	561,065	7,926,905	7	56 NEBRASKA	243,926	3,171,134	8
19 CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	556,619	8,272,112	7	57 LOUISVILLE	238,703	2,143,282	11
20 HOUSTON	523,350	2,558,069	20	58 UTAH	237,630	3,320,167	7
21 VANDERBILT	482,604	3,311,665	15	59 NEW MEXICO	236,734	2,707,830	9
22 LOUISIANA STATE	452,841	3,548,726	13	60 ARIZONA	225,943	5,632,559	4
23 WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS	451,567	4,162,980	11	61 PITTSBURGH	224,304	5,116,305	4
24 INDIANA	449,617	7,553,823	6	62 QUEENS	220,599	2,517,328	9
25 DUKE	442,021	5,872,136	8	63 SYRACUSE	218,058	3,160,240	7
26 MIAMI	441,835	3,227,943	14	64 EMORY	217,631	3,298,971	7
27 TEMPLE	432,753	3,137,142	14	65 SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	215,099	3,073,665	7
28 WASHINGTON	429,390	7,304,234	6	66 OKLAHOMA	211,382	5,047,646	4
29 WISCONSIN	406,985	7,916,419	5	67 HOWARD	209,500	2,467,638	8
30 MISSOURI	389,299	3,454,585	11	68 TORONTO	208,075	10,719,219	2
31 RUTGERS-Newark	362,178	4,462,249	8	69 TEXAS TECH	205,121	2,578,185	8
32 GEORGE WASHINGTON	356,932	2,219,849	16	70 OREGON	190,206	2,905,608	7
33 NORTH CAROLINA	351,410	6,154,365	6	71 WESTERN ONTARIO	184,521	3,362,078	5
34 CONNECTICUT	344,598	3,637,190	9	72 MONTREAL	181,968	3,150,386	6
35 TENNESSEE	342,537	3,251,893	11	73 SASKATCHEWAN	163,557	2,367,250	7
36 NOTRE DAME	342,085	3,322,395	10	74 HAWAII	132,888	3,486,937	4
37 BRIGHAM YOUNG	337,197	3,908,127	9	75 MICHIGAN STATE	131,914	4,915,621	3
38 BOSTON	332,247	2,463,324	13				

RANK ORDER TABLE 2: VOLUMES ADDED (GROSS)

INSTITUTION	LAW LIBRARY VOLUMES	TOTAL VOLUMES	LAW % OF TOTAL	INSTITUTION	LAW LIBRARY VOLUMES	TOTAL VOLUMES	LAW % OF TOTAL
1 PENNSYLVANIA STATE	33,436	185,622	18	39 QUEENS	7,823	48,389	16
2 RUTGERS-Newark	28,941	100,692	29	40 ALABAMA	7,793	46,035	17
3 NORTH CAROLINA	28,938	138,562	21	41 BRIGHAM YOUNG	7,258	184,608	4
4 TEMPLE	28,797	66,014	44	42 CONNECTICUT	7,191	41,666	17
5 HARVARD	25,709	347,049	7	43 TEXAS TECH	7,159	58,178	12
6 IOWA	22,389	184,240	12	44 ARIZONA	7,099	82,344	9
7 GEORGETOWN	21,927	91,987	24	45 SYRACUSE	6,307	30,294	21
8 YALE	19,644	254,999	8	46 RUTGERS-Camden	6,299	100,692	6
9 MINNESOTA	17,140	137,273	12	47 BOSTON COLLEGE	6,232	50,137	12
10 MIAMI	16,868	70,498	24	48 SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	6,174	29,439	21
11 MICHIGAN	14,817	157,552	9	49 PITTSBURGH	6,149	217,345	3
12 HOUSTON	13,722	79,824	17	50 SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	6,146	73,605	8
13 CHICAGO	13,588	191,311	7	51 SUNY-BUFFALO	5,940	54,272	11
14 PENNSYLVANIA	13,571	107,078	13	52 CASE WESTERN RESERVE	5,785	27,987	21
15 INDIANA	13,433	196,277	7	53 NEBRASKA	5,694	65,994	9
16 TEXAS	13,426	114,833	12	54 BOSTON	5,690	47,105	12
17 COLUMBIA	12,850	229,439	6	55 CALIFORNIA, DAVIS	5,650	81,543	7
18 LOUISIANA STATE	11,772	54,400	22	56 MICHIGAN STATE	5,380	66,906	8
19 TENNESSEE	11,281	78,738	14	57 UTAH	5,107	69,759	7
20 WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS	11,219	58,602	19	58 FLORIDA	4,976	59,624	8
21 EMORY	11,111	94,667	12	59 ARIZONA STATE	4,853	93,623	5
22 MISSOURI	10,966	64,014	17	60 CINCINNATI	4,744	94,815	5
23 NORTHWESTERN	10,785	92,004	12	61 SASKATCHEWAN	4,195	63,731	7
24 WISCONSIN	10,717	116,200	9	62 OKLAHOMA	3,912	131,123	3
25 GEORGIA	10,678	75,494	14	63 KENTUCKY	3,862	85,561	5
26 ILLINOIS, URBANA	10,643	196,882	5	64 FLORIDA STATE	3,680	62,369	6
27 VIRGINIA	10,640	88,756	12	65 KANSAS	3,573	62,438	6
28 CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	10,454	131,198	8	66 MONTREAL	3,554	74,411	5
29 DUKE	10,152	98,905	10	67 HAWAII	3,263	56,308	6
30 OHIO STATE	9,779	115,400	8	68 SOUTH CAROLINA	3,192	54,301	6
31 COLORADO	9,700	99,592	10	69 TORONTO	3,114	232,020	1
32 CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	9,677	202,625	5	70 OREGON	2,968	62,013	5
33 NOTRE DAME	9,657	79,540	12	71 TULANE	2,696	44,108	6
34 VANDERBILT	9,379	58,102	16	72 HOWARD	2,378	33,864	7
35 GEORGE WASHINGTON	8,857	46,166	19	73 LOUISVILLE	2,015	63,740	3
36 CORNELL	8,670	128,113	7	74 NEW MEXICO	1,189	62,075	2
37 WASHINGTON	8,669	221,816	4	75 WESTERN ONTARIO	921	52,753	2
38 NEW YORK	8,399	100,043	8				

RANK ORDER TABLE 3: CURRENT SERIALS (TOTAL)

INSTITUTION	LAW LIBRARY SERIALS	TOTAL SERIALS	LAW % OF TOTAL	INSTITUTION	LAW LIBRARY SERIALS	TOTAL SERIALS	LAW % OF TOTAL
1 PENNSYLVANIA	41,411	84,182	49	39 NEW YORK	5,046	58,968	9
2 NOTRE DAME	37,067	68,038	54	40 RUTGERS-Newark	4,911	54,450	9
3 GEORGIA	32,818	80,976	41	41 UTAH	4,860	45,830	11
4 CORNELL	25,000	92,000	27	42 FLORIDA STATE	4,800	51,733	9
5 GEORGE WASHINGTON	21,102	65,604	32	43 BOSTON	4,748	45,264	10
6 HARVARD	15,725	110,463	14	44 TEXAS TECH	4,713	70,114	7
7 MICHIGAN STATE	12,494	74,177	17	45 COLORADO	4,513	50,350	9
8 INDIANA	11,927	57,534	21	46 HOWARD	4,321	16,627	26
9 IOWA	10,101	59,380	17	47 BRIGHAM YOUNG	4,264	54,183	8
10 YALE	9,858	89,649	11	48 WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS	4,229	49,970	8
11 EMORY	9,841	54,218	18	49 PITTSBURGH	4,103	48,637	8
12 GEORGETOWN	8,672	53,697	16	50 WASHINGTON	4,089	61,272	7
13 OHIO STATE	8,453	68,550	12	51 ILLINOIS, URBANA	4,055	107,666	4
14 CHICAGO	8,380	57,236	15	52 BOSTON COLLEGE	3,894	31,714	12
15 CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	8,283	76,248	11	53 KANSAS	3,526	48,212	7
16 SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	8,071	89,971	9	54 TEMPLE	3,451	51,198	7
17 FLORIDA	8,067	73,747	11	55 ALABAMA	3,415	44,079	8
18 MIAMI	8,032	62,621	13	56 DUKE	3,411	47,122	7
19 PENNSYLVANIA STATE	7,216	68,876	10	57 NEW MEXICO	3,296	40,374	8
20 TEXAS	7,191	56,097	13	58 SOUTH CAROLINA	3,126	51,540	6
21 NORTH CAROLINA	6,932	56,647	12	59 ARIZONA	2,891	75,181	4
22 VANDERBILT	6,867	44,199	16	60 MONTREAL	2,793	54,265	5
23 LOUISIANA STATE	6,835	86,026	8	61 NEBRASKA	2,724	41,034	7
24 COLUMBIA	6,773	119,637	6	62 HOUSTON	2,221	42,812	5
25 CINCINNATI	6,627	69,609	10	63 SYRACUSE	2,190	23,285	9
26 CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	6,626	87,265	8	64 TENNESSEE	2,114	44,337	5
27 MICHIGAN	6,263	71,788	9	65 SASKATCHEWAN	2,056	34,920	6
28 HAWAII	6,262	58,111	11	66 TORONTO	1,902	47,916	4
29 CONNECTICUT	6,173	51,007	12	67 OREGON	1,732	62,348	3
30 WISCONSIN	6,074	54,164	11	68 SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	1,533	39,221	4
31 CASE WESTERN RESERVE	5,957	54,252	11	69 WESTERN ONTARIO	1,400	56,223	2
32 SUNY-BUFFALO	5,659	71,234	8	70 MISSOURI	213	52,490	0
33 KENTUCKY	5,650	44,610	13	71 ARIZONA STATE	UA/NA	82,862	UA/NA
34 LOUISVILLE	5,420	39,268	14	72 MINNESOTA	UA/NA	77,446	UA/NA
35 NORTHWESTERN	5,337	64,888	8	73 OKLAHOMA	UA/NA	55,815	UA/NA
36 TULANE	5,277	34,820	15	74 QUEENS	UA/NA	39,823	UA/NA
37 CALIFORNIA, DAVIS	5,227	42,592	12	75 VIRGINIA	UA/NA	82,440	UA/NA
38 RUTGERS-Camden	5,116	54,450	9				

RANK ORDER TABLE 4: TOTAL LIBRARY EXPENDITURES

INSTITUTION	LAW LIBRARY EXPENDITURES	TOTAL LIBRARY EXPENDITURES	LAW % OF TOTAL	INSTITUTION	LAW LIBRARY EXPENDITURES	TOTAL LIBRARY EXPENDITURES	LAW % OF TOTAL
1 HARVARD	10,651,639	110,849,458	10	39 LOUISIANA STATE	2,463,977	14,526,765	17
2 GEORGETOWN	7,294,270	24,299,359	30	40 VANDERBILT	2,424,916	24,673,090	10
3 CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	6,156,081	53,231,754	12	41 TENNESSEE	2,419,620	22,810,227	11
4 YALE	6,116,248	77,403,912	8	42 ALABAMA	2,415,430	15,501,146	16
5 GEORGE WASHINGTON	5,467,718	23,153,326	24	43 LOUISVILLE	2,291,201	16,560,259	14
6 MICHIGAN	5,332,788	50,591,407	11	44 SYRACUSE	2,291,101	16,849,931	14
7 NEW YORK	5,014,363	42,669,230	12	45 ARIZONA	2,129,926	30,769,327	7
8 COLUMBIA	4,962,719	60,071,960	8	46 HOUSTON	2,128,130	17,117,492	12
9 IOWA	4,623,125	26,647,407	17	47 CALIFORNIA, DAVIS	2,095,408	21,002,377	10
10 MINNESOTA	3,970,397	39,927,096	10	48 RUTGERS-Newark	1,986,325	30,653,693	6
11 CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	3,948,993	51,792,128	8	49 SOUTH CAROLINA	1,947,888	20,943,404	9
12 MIAMI	3,710,964	25,941,411	14	50 ILLINOIS, URBANA	1,934,500	41,919,073	5
13 PENNSYLVANIA	3,672,392	35,258,073	10	51 NEW MEXICO	1,931,114	22,653,088	9
14 CHICAGO	3,504,971	31,966,296	11	52 BRIGHAM YOUNG	1,922,511	25,159,442	8
15 TEXAS	3,501,514	45,044,095	8	53 ARIZONA STATE	1,919,308	27,730,343	7
16 NOTRE DAME	3,237,349	23,257,537	14	54 TORONTO	1,903,034	60,344,407	3
17 WASHINGTON	3,125,278	41,583,736	8	55 MICHIGAN STATE	1,882,509	24,458,354	8
18 DUKE	3,117,265	35,769,252	9	56 PITTSBURGH	1,865,144	29,890,593	6
19 VIRGINIA	3,078,716	34,444,481	9	57 UTAH	1,855,171	24,641,932	8
20 CONNECTICUT	3,031,202	25,071,952	12	58 PENNSYLVANIA STATE	1,850,103	50,251,356	4
21 NORTHWESTERN	2,969,717	27,272,613	11	59 RUTGERS-Camden	1,812,459	30,653,693	6
22 BOSTON COLLEGE	2,923,736	18,217,616	16	60 FLORIDA STATE	1,798,231	15,197,764	12
23 BOSTON	2,895,157	18,916,916	15	61 CINCINNATI	1,785,903	22,045,924	8
24 TEMPLE	2,839,837	21,280,634	13	62 TULANE	1,711,272	13,974,872	12
25 WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS	2,825,583	27,424,013	10	63 KENTUCKY	1,648,228	20,920,715	8
26 CASE WESTERN RESERVE	2,815,576	13,382,448	21	64 OREGON	1,622,509	14,988,631	11
27 NORTH CAROLINA	2,805,058	35,425,976	8	65 HAWAII	1,617,779	18,534,243	9
28 FLORIDA	2,783,470	27,443,254	10	66 OKLAHOMA	1,553,934	20,844,144	7
29 CORNELL	2,719,470	43,832,341	6	67 SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	1,541,263	14,564,091	11
30 TEXAS TECH	2,684,314	22,635,446	12	68 HOWARD	1,432,847	9,916,198	14
31 OHIO STATE	2,638,329	32,480,575	8	69 MONTREAL	1,395,665	28,153,803	5
32 INDIANA	2,631,425	33,641,171	8	70 MISSOURI	1,270,868	16,698,370	8
33 SUNY-BUFFALO	2,581,823	20,054,901	13	71 KANSAS	1,262,099	21,156,733	6
34 GEORGIA	2,571,773	23,703,488	11	72 NEBRASKA	1,171,496	14,632,237	8
35 WISCONSIN	2,550,549	41,536,552	6	73 SASKATCHEWAN	1,134,558	22,127,910	5
36 SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	2,539,166	34,881,430	7	74 QUEENS	1,069,042	16,884,844	6
37 EMORY	2,530,843	33,741,980	8	75 WESTERN ONTARIO	1,044,537	18,773,453	6
38 COLORADO	2,466,438	19,555,663	13				

RANK ORDER TABLE 5: TOTAL STAFF

INSTITUTION	LAW LIBRARY STAFF	TOTAL STAFF	LAW % OF TOTAL	INSTITUTION	LAW LIBRARY STAFF	TOTAL STAFF	LAW % OF TOTAL
1 HARVARD	123	1,277	10	39 WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS	26	269	10
2 GEORGETOWN	86	247	35	40 TEMPLE	25	227	11
3 NEW YORK	63	443	14	41 ARIZONA STATE	24	338	7
4 YALE	59	705	8	42 INDIANA	24	483	5
5 CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	57	584	10	43 GEORGIA	23	303	8
6 MICHIGAN	53	585	9	44 SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	23	386	6
7 COLUMBIA	49	716	7	45 FLORIDA STATE	22	289	8
8 GEORGE WASHINGTON	47	279	17	46 ILLINOIS, URBANA	22	533	4
9 FLORIDA	40	426	9	47 OHIO STATE	22	423	5
10 TEXAS	40	551	7	48 OKLAHOMA	22	233	9
11 IOWA	39	283	14	49 UTAH	22	358	6
12 LOUISIANA STATE	36	192	19	50 ALABAMA	21	207	10
13 MINNESOTA	36	402	9	51 EMORY	21	307	7
14 PENNSYLVANIA	36	414	9	52 KANSAS	21	281	7
15 BRIGHAM YOUNG	34	389	9	53 MISSOURI	21	214	10
16 CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	34	606	6	54 RUTGERS-Camden	21	415	5
17 MIAMI	34	259	13	55 RUTGERS-Newark	21	415	5
18 TENNESSEE	33	273	12	56 TULANE	21	150	14
19 WASHINGTON	33	513	6	57 COLORADO	20	208	10
20 NOTRE DAME	32	263	12	58 MICHIGAN STATE	20	296	7
21 TEXAS TECH	32	309	10	59 NEW MEXICO	20	266	8
22 VIRGINIA	32	371	9	60 PITTSBURGH	20	363	6
23 BOSTON	31	289	11	61 SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	20	202	10
24 NORTHWESTERN	31	336	9	62 VANDERBILT	20	248	8
25 WISCONSIN	31	643	5	63 CALIFORNIA, DAVIS	19	273	7
26 CHICAGO	30	320	9	64 OREGON	18	213	8
27 HOWARD	30	166	18	65 CINCINNATI	17	205	8
28 SUNY-BUFFALO	30	257	12	66 NEBRASKA	17	202	8
29 BOSTON COLLEGE	29	200	15	67 SOUTH CAROLINA	17	278	6
30 HOUSTON	29	200	15	68 TORONTO	17	670	3
31 CASE WESTERN RESERVE	28	137	20	69 KENTUCKY	16	277	6
32 PENNSYLVANIA STATE	28	622	5	70 LOUISVILLE	16	190	8
33 ARIZONA	26	332	8	71 MONTREAL	16	391	4
34 CONNECTICUT	26	212	12	72 HAWAII	15	255	6
35 CORNELL	26	548	5	73 QUEENS	12	165	7
36 DUKE	26	371	7	74 SASKATCHEWAN	9	177	5
37 NORTH CAROLINA	26	446	6	75 WESTERN ONTARIO	9	194	5
38 SYRACUSE	26	232	11				

RANK ORDER TABLE 6: TOTAL ELECTRONIC RESOURCES

INSTITUTION	LAW LIBRARY E-RESOURCES	TOTAL E-RESOURCES	LAW % OF TOTAL	INSTITUTION	LAW LIBRARY E-RESOURCES	TOTAL E-RESOURCES	LAW % OF TOTAL
1 PENNSYLVANIA STATE	599,467	9,448,072	6	39 SYRACUSE	224,080	3,350,462	7
2 NEW YORK	574,361	7,903,569	7	40 WISCONSIN	208,515	5,094,585	4
3 VANDERBILT	560,822	6,954,968	8	41 CASE WESTERN RESERVE	206,705	3,209,445	6
4 GEORGIA	556,947	5,947,356	9	42 ALABAMA	206,181	3,487,313	6
5 FLORIDA	513,398	4,940,171	10	43 DUKE	204,091	6,758,268	3
6 GEORGETOWN	489,676	3,979,582	12	44 TENNESSEE	199,229	5,173,801	4
7 WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS	447,698	5,019,863	9	45 NEBRASKA	194,375	2,200,652	9
8 GEORGE WASHINGTON	427,412	3,660,783	12	46 YALE	190,447	6,991,200	3
9 NOTRE DAME	415,374	5,238,495	8	47 PENNSYLVANIA	188,498	5,558,118	3
10 HARVARD	372,874	6,681,995	6	48 OREGON	185,893	2,418,763	8
11 TEMPLE	365,879	6,542,673	6	49 WASHINGTON	185,530	6,818,776	3
12 COLUMBIA	359,720	9,724,550	4	50 CONNECTICUT	181,468	5,172,502	4
13 MIAMI	357,162	7,323,132	5	51 VIRGINIA	180,773	4,476,702	4
14 TULANE	350,574	3,144,786	11	52 CALIFORNIA, DAVIS	179,313	3,822,482	5
15 MICHIGAN STATE	326,418	5,438,142	6	53 RUTGERS-Newark	175,244	3,721,706	5
16 TEXAS TECH	325,522	3,131,537	10	54 ILLINOIS, URBANA	147,573	5,369,858	3
17 BRIGHAM YOUNG	317,068	2,678,255	12	55 HAWAII	134,999	3,926,834	3
18 INDIANA	304,212	5,780,889	5	56 MONTREAL	118,592	5,228,750	2
19 TEXAS	298,384	8,976,961	3	57 SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	115,959	3,317,029	3
20 ARIZONA STATE	288,328	6,268,359	5	58 NEW MEXICO	105,833	3,928,276	3
21 PITTSBURGH	285,212	8,829,087	3	59 RUTGERS-Camden	103,044	3,721,706	3
22 OKLAHOMA	283,593	3,836,788	7	60 KENTUCKY	100,880	3,779,661	3
23 FLORIDA STATE	279,356	4,627,530	6	61 CINCINNATI	94,838	5,178,257	2
24 MINNESOTA	276,631	6,445,354	4	62 OHIO STATE	93,617	5,111,173	2
25 SUNY-BUFFALO	270,263	5,113,830	5	63 HOWARD	92,118	1,766,872	5
26 NORTHWESTERN	266,908	6,424,824	4	64 CORNELL	91,323	6,080,535	2
27 QUEENS	247,464	37,643,961	1	65 LOUISVILLE	90,514	2,678,145	3
28 COLORADO	245,524	5,611,532	4	66 BOSTON COLLEGE	85,533	3,271,201	3
29 MICHIGAN	245,150	5,854,769	4	67 UTAH	83,929	1,337,771	6
30 NORTH CAROLINA	244,623	3,624,155	7	68 TORONTO	73,935	3,460,817	2
31 IOWA	241,454	5,590,482	4	69 SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	56,325	6,739,328	1
32 HOUSTON	240,447	2,675,759	9	70 ARIZONA	UA/NA	6,592,104	UA/NA
33 EMORY	235,332	3,995,020	6	70 CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	0	5,255,796	0
34 MISSOURI	234,785	5,388,693	4	70 CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	UA/NA	4,352,521	UA/NA
35 SOUTH CAROLINA	230,856	4,078,816	6	70 KANSAS	UA/NA	2,802,454	UA/NA
36 LOUISIANA STATE	229,723	3,510,904	7	70 SASKATCHEWAN	UA/NA	6,369,649	UA/NA
37 BOSTON	226,655	2,271,508	10	70 WESTERN ONTARIO	UA/NA	6,186,010	UA/NA
38 CHICAGO	224,438	5,412,597	4				

ARL STATISTICS QUESTIONNAIRE, 2006–2007

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THE QUESTIONNAIRE

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Definitions of statistical categories can be found in NISO Z39.7-2004, *Information Services and Use: Metrics & Statistics for Libraries and Information Providers--Data Dictionary* (<http://www.niso.org/emetrics/current/index.html>). ARL has been modifying the interpretation of the standard definitions to address questions posed by the library staff at various member institutions that complete the survey and with feedback from the ARL Statistics and Assessment Committee (<http://www.arl.org/stats/program/meeting.html>).

Please do not use decimals. All figures should be rounded to the nearest whole number.

Please respond to every question. If an exact figure cannot be provided, use NA/UA to indicate that the figure is either unavailable or not applicable. If the appropriate answer is zero or none, use 0.

Although the form allows for data to be entered from both main and branch campuses, an effort should be made to report figures for the main campus only. (The U.S. National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS) defines a **branch institution** as “a campus or site of an educational institution that is not temporary, is located in a community beyond a reasonable commuting distance from its parent institution, and offers organized programs of study, not just courses.”) If figures for libraries located at branch campuses are reported, please specify which branch libraries are included and which ones are excluded in the notes below.

A **branch library** is defined as an auxiliary library service outlet with quarters separate from the central library of an institution, which has a basic collection of books and other materials, a regular staffing level, and an established schedule. A branch library is administered either by the central library or (as in the case of some law and medical libraries) through the administrative structure of other units within the university. Departmental study/reading rooms are not included.

The questionnaire assumes a fiscal year ending **June 30, 2007**. If your fiscal year is different, please indicate this in the notes below by adjusting the reporting period.

Footnotes. Explanatory footnotes will be included with the published statistics. Provide any notes you may have in the footnotes area at the end of the survey. Reporting libraries are urged to record there any information that would clarify the figures submitted in that line, e.g., the inclusion and exclusion of branch campus libraries. Please make an effort to word your footnotes in a manner consistent with notes appearing in the published report, so that the ARL Office can interpret your footnotes correctly.

Specific Instructions

Question 1. Volumes in Library. Use the ANSI/NISO Z39.7-2004 definition for **volume** as follows:

*a single physical unit of any printed, typewritten, handwritten, mimeographed, or processed work, distinguished from other units by a separate binding, encasement, portfolio, or other clear distinction, which has been **cataloged, classified, and made ready for use**, and which is typically the unit used to charge circulation transactions. Either a serial volume is bound, or it comprises the serial issues that would be bound together if the library bound all serials.*

Include duplicates and bound volumes of periodicals. For purposes of this questionnaire, unclassified bound serials arranged in alphabetical order are considered classified. Exclude microforms, maps, nonprint materials, and uncataloged items. If any of these items cannot be excluded, please provide an explanatory footnote

Include government document volumes that are accessible through the library's catalogs regardless of whether they are separately shelved. "Classified" includes documents arranged by Superintendent of Documents, CODOC, or similar numbers. "Cataloged" includes documents for which records are provided by the library or downloaded from other sources into the library's card or online catalogs. Documents should, to the extent possible, be counted as they would if they were in bound volumes (e.g., 12 issues of an annual serial would be one or two volumes). Title and piece counts should not be considered the same as volume counts. If a volume count has not been kept, it may be estimated through sampling a representative group of title records and determining the corresponding number of volumes, then extrapolating to the rest of the collection. As an alternative, an estimate may be made using the following formulae:

$$\begin{aligned} &52 \text{ documents pieces per foot} \\ &10 \text{ "traditional" volumes per foot} \\ &5.2 \text{ documents pieces per volume} \end{aligned}$$

Include e-book units, as long as these e-books are owned or leased and have been cataloged by your library. Include electronic books purchased through vendors such as NetLibrary® or Books 24x7, and e-books that come as part of aggregate services. Include individual titles of e-book sets that are treated as individual reference sources. Include locally digitized electronic books and electronic theses and dissertations. Provide a footnote explaining how many e-books you are reporting, preferably by specifying the products and the number of titles in a note.

Include volumes purchased collectively where the cost is shared at the time of purchase.

If either formulas or sampling are used for deriving your count, please indicate in a footnote.

Question 1b. Volumes Added. Include only volumes cataloged, classified, and made ready for use. Include government documents if they have been included in the count of volumes on line 1a. Do not include as part of Volumes Added Gross any government documents or other collections (such as large gift collections or e-book packages) that were added to the collection as the result of a one time download or addition to the OPAC. Include these items in Volumes Held of the previous year (Line 1a) and provide a footnote explaining the revision of Line 1a.

Question 2. Monographic Volumes Purchased. Report number of volumes purchased; do not include volumes received or cataloged. Include all volumes for which an expenditure was made during 2006-07, including volumes paid for in advance but not received during the fiscal year. Include monographs in series and continuations. Include e-books that fit the NetLibrary® model, i.e., electronic manifestations of physical entities and/or units; provide a footnote explaining how many e-books you are reporting, preferably by specifying the products and the number of titles. If only number of titles purchased can be reported, please report the data and provide an explanatory footnote.

Question 3: Basis of Volume Count. A physical count is a piece count; a bibliographic count is a catalog record count.

Questions 4-5. Serials. Use the following definition for a serial:

a publication in any medium issued in successive parts bearing numerical or chronological designations and intended to be continued indefinitely. This definition includes periodicals, newspapers, and annuals (reports, yearbooks, etc.); the journals, memoirs, proceedings, transactions, etc. of societies; and numbered monographic series.

Report the total number of unique serial titles, NOT SUBSCRIPTIONS, that you currently acquire. Do not include duplicate counts of serial titles. To the extent possible, report all government document serials even if housed in a separate documents collection. Verify the inclusion or exclusion of document serials in Question 5. Exclude unnumbered monographic and publishers' series. Electronic serials acquired as part of a bundle or an aggregated package should be counted by title, even if they are not cataloged, as long as they are made accessible by the library.

Question 4a. Serial titles currently purchased. In the case of consortial agreements, count under 'serial titles currently purchased' those titles for which the library pays any amount from its budgeted expenditures. Include all titles that are part of bundles or aggregated packages, even if your library makes a partial payment for access to those titles. If a purchased title includes electronic access to the title, count that title ONLY ONCE (DEDUPED) as electronic only. If a database includes full-text and abstracted titles, the number of full-text titles can be counted.

Question 4b. Serial titles: Not Purchased. If serial titles have been purchased through a consortium whose budget is centrally funded and independent from the library's budget, these serials should be reported under 'serial titles currently received but not purchased.'

Report other titles that your library receives and does not pay for directly under 'serial titles received but not purchased.'

Record those serial titles received without purchase for whatever reason. If within a purchased or aggregated package it cannot be determined that some titles are not purchased, report all titles as purchased.

If separate counts of nonpurchased and purchased serial titles are not available, report only the total number of serial titles currently purchased and received on line 4, and report U / A for lines 4a and 4b.

Question 6. Microforms. Report the total number of physical units: reels of microfilm, microcards, and microprint and microfiche sheets. Include all government documents in microform; provide a footnote if documents are excluded.

Question 7. Government documents. Report the total number of physical units (pieces) of government documents in paper format that have not been counted elsewhere. Include local, state, national, and international documents; include documents purchased from a commercial source if shelved with separate documents collections and not counted above. Include serials and monographs. To estimate pieces from a measurement of linear feet, use the formula $1 \text{ foot} = 52 \text{ pieces}$ and indicate in a footnote that the count is based on this estimate. Exclude microforms and nonprint formats such as maps or CD-ROMs. Adjust line 1a, i.e., last year's Volumes Held, and provide a footnote if you are adding records to the OPAC for government documents previously held but not counted as part of Volumes Held (line 1a).

Question 8. Computer files. Include the number of pieces of computer-readable disks, tapes, CD-ROMs, and similar machine-readable files comprising data or programs that are locally held as part of the library's collections available to library clients. Examples are U.S. Census data tapes, sample research software, locally-mounted databases, and reference tools on CD-ROM, tape or disk. Exclude bibliographic records used to manage the collection (i.e., the library's own catalog in machine-readable form), library system software, and microcomputer software used only by the library staff.

Question 9. Manuscripts and archives. Include both manuscripts and archives measured in linear feet.

Question 10. Cartographic materials. Include the numbers of pieces of two- and three-dimensional maps and globes. Include satellite and aerial photographs and images.

Question 11. Graphic materials. Include the number of pieces of prints, pictures, photographs, postcards, slides, transparencies, film strips, and the like.

Question 12. Audio materials. Include the number of pieces of audiocassettes, phonodiscs, audio compact discs, reel-to-reel tapes, and other sound recordings.

Question 13. Film and video materials. Include the number of pieces of motion pictures, videocassettes, video laser discs, and similar visual materials.

Questions 14-20. Expenditures. Report all expenditures of funds that come to the library from the regular institutional budget, and from sources such as research grants, special projects, gifts and endowments, and fees for service. (For question 17, include non-library funds; see instruction Q17.) Do not report encumbrances of funds that have not yet been expended. **Canadian libraries should report expenditures in Canadian dollars.** (For your information, if interested in determining figures in U.S. dollars, divide Canadian dollar amounts by 1.1323, the average monthly noon exchange rate published in the Bank of Canada *Review* for the period July 2006-June 2007.) **Please round figures to the nearest dollar.**

Question 15a. Monographs. Report expenditures for volumes purchased counted on line 2.

Question 15b. Serial titles. Report expenditures for serial titles counted on line 4a. Exclude unnumbered monographic and publishers' series, and encumbrances.

Question 15c. Other library materials. Include expenditures for all materials not reported in Questions 15a and 15b, e.g., backfiles of serials, charts and maps, audiovisual materials, manuscripts, etc. If expenditures for these materials are included in lines 15a and/or 15b and cannot be disaggregated, please report U/A and provide a footnote. Do not include encumbrances.

Question 15d. Miscellaneous expenditures. Include any other **materials funds expenditures** not included in questions 15a-c, e.g., expenditures for bibliographic utilities, literature searching, security devices, memberships for the purposes of publications, etc. Please list categories, with amounts, in a footnote. **Note:** If your library does not use materials funds for non-materials expenditures—i.e., if those expenditures are included in "Other Operating Expenditures"—**report 0, not U/A**, on line 15d.

Question 16. Contract Binding. Include only contract expenditures for binding done outside the library. If all binding is done in-house, state this fact and give in-house expenditures in a footnote; do not include personnel expenditures. (This figure should also be reported in the 2006-07 ARL Preservation Survey, question 7b.)

Questions 17. Salaries and wages. Exclude fringe benefits. If professional and support staff salaries cannot be separated, enter U/A, on lines 17a and 17b and enter total staff on line 17.

Question 17c. Salaries and wages: Student Assistants. Report 100% of student wages regardless of budgetary source of funds. Include federal and local funds for work study students.

Question 19. Other operating expenditures. Exclude expenditures for buildings, maintenance, and fringe benefits.

Questions 21-25. Electronic expenditures. These items are intended to indicate what portion of your institution's total library expenditures are dedicated to electronic resources and services. Please use the Footnotes to indicate any

electronic materials expenditures you believe not to be covered by these questions. *Many expenditures recorded in these questions should have been included in Question 20, total library expenditures.*

Question 21. One-time electronic resource purchases. Report expenditures that are not current serials (i.e. are non-subscription, one-time, or monographic in nature) for software and machine-readable materials considered part of the collections. Examples include periodical backfiles, literature collections, one-time costs for JSTOR membership, etc. Expenditures reported here may be derived from any of the following categories: Monographs (Q15a), Other Library Materials (Q15c), Miscellaneous (Q15d), or Other Operating Expenditures (Q19).

Question 22. Ongoing electronic resource purchases. Report subscription expenditures (or those which are expected to be ongoing commitments) for serial publications whose primary format is electronic and for online searches of remote databases such as OCLC FirstSearch, DIALOG, Lexis-Nexis, etc. Examples include paid subscriptions for electronic journals and indexes/abstracts available via the Internet, CD-ROM serials, and annual access fees for resources purchased on a “one-time” basis, such as literature collections, JSTOR membership, etc. Not all items whose expenditures are counted here will be included in Serial titles currently received (Question 4) or Serials Expenditures (Question 15b).

Q23. Bibliographic Utilities, Networks, and Consortia. Because it is increasingly common for ARL Libraries to enter into consortial arrangements to purchase access to electronic resources, both “Library” and “External” expenditure blanks and instructions are provided. Please use a footnote to describe expenditures that you believe are not covered by the question, or situations that do not seem to fit the instructions.

Q23a. From internal library sources. Report expenditures paid by the Library for services provided by national, regional, and local bibliographic utilities, networks, and consortia, such as OCLC and RLG, unless for user database access and subscriptions, which should be reported in Questions 21 or 22. Include only expenditures that are part of Other Operating Expenditures (Q19).

Q23b. From external sources. If your library receives access to computer files, electronic serials or search services through one or more centrally-funded system or consortial arrangements for which it does not pay fully and/or directly (for example, funding is provided by the state on behalf of all members), enter the amount paid by external bodies on its behalf. If the specific dollar amount is not known, but the total student FTE for the consortium and amount spent for the academic members are known, divide the overall amount spent by your institution’s share of the total student FTE.

Q24. Computer hardware and software. Report expenditures from the library budget for computer hardware and software used to support library operations, whether purchased or leased, mainframe or microcomputer, and whether for staff or public use. Include expenditures for: maintenance; equipment used to run information service products when those expenditures can be separated from the price of the product; telecommunications infrastructure costs, such as wiring, hubs, routers, etc. Include only expenditures that are part of Other Operating Expenditures (Q19).

Q25. Document Delivery/Interlibrary Loan. Report expenditures for document delivery and interlibrary loan services (both borrowing and lending). Include fees paid for photocopies, costs of telefacsimile transmission, royalties and access fees paid to provide document delivery or interlibrary loan. Include fees paid to bibliographic utilities if the portion paid for interlibrary loan can be separately counted. Include only expenditures that are part of Miscellaneous Materials Expenditures (Q15d) or Other Operating Expenditures (Q19), and only for those ILL/DD programs with data recorded in Questions 34-35.

Questions 26. Personnel. Report the number of FTE (full-time equivalent) staff in filled positions, or positions that are only temporarily vacant. ARL defines temporarily vacant positions as positions that were vacated during the fiscal year for which ARL data were submitted, for which there is a firm intent to refill, and for which there are expenditures for

salaries reported on line 17.

Include cost recovery positions and staff hired for special projects and grants, but provide an explanatory footnote indicating the number of such staff. If such staff cannot be included, provide a footnote. To compute full-time equivalents of part-time employees and student assistants, take the total number of hours per week (or year) worked by part-time employees in each category and divide it by the number of hours considered by the reporting library to be a full-time work week (or year). **Round figures to the nearest whole numbers.**

Question 26a. Professional Staff. Since the criteria for determining professional status vary among libraries, there is no attempt to define the term “professional.” Each library should report those staff members it considers professional, including, when appropriate, staff who are not librarians in the strict sense of the term, for example computer experts, systems analysts, or budget officers.

Question 26b. Support Staff. Report the total FTE (see instruction 26) of staff not included in 26a.

Question 26c. Student Assistants. Report the total FTE (see instruction Q26) of student assistants employed on an hourly basis whose wages are paid from funds under library control or from a budget other than the library’s, including federal work-study programs. Exclude maintenance and custodial staff.

Question 27. Number of staffed library service points. Count the number of staffed public service points in the main library and in all branch libraries reported in this inventory, including reference desks, information desks, circulation, current periodicals, reserve rooms, reprographic services (if staffed as a public facility), etc. Report the number of designated locations, not the number of staff.

Question 28. Number of weekly public service hours. Report an unduplicated count of the total public service hours per typical full-service week (i.e., no holidays or other special accommodations) across both main library and branches using the following method (corresponds to IPEDS): If a library is open from 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. Monday through Friday, it should report 40 hours per week. If several of its branches are also open during these hours, the figure remains 40 hours per week. Should Branch A also be open one evening from 7:00 p.m. to 9:00 p.m., the total hours during which users can find service somewhere within the system becomes 42 hours per week. If Branch B is open the same hours on the same evening, the count is still 42, but if Branch B is open two hours on another evening, or remains open two hours later, the total is then 44 hours per week. **Exclude 24-hour unstaffed reserve or similar reading rooms.** The maximum total is 168 (i.e., a staffed reading room open 7 days per week, 24 hours per day).

Questions 29–30. Instruction. Sampling based on a typical week may be used to extrapolate TO A FULL YEAR for Questions 29 and 30. Please indicate if responses are based on sampling.

Question 29. Presentations to Groups. Report the total number of sessions during the year of presentations made as part of formal bibliographic instruction programs and through other planned class presentations, orientation sessions, and tours. If the library sponsors multi-session or credit courses that meet several times over the course of a semester, each session should be counted. Presentations to groups may be for either bibliographic instruction, cultural, recreational, or educational purposes. Presentations both on and off the premises should be included as long as they are sponsored by the library. Do not include meetings sponsored by other groups using library meeting rooms. Do not include training for library staff; the purpose of this question is to capture information about the services the library provides for its clientele. Please indicate if the figure is based on sampling.

Question 30. Participants in Group Presentations. Report the total number of participants in the presentations reported on line 29. For multi-session classes with a constant enrollment, count each person only once. Personal, one-to-one

instruction in the use of sources should be counted as reference transactions on line 31. Please indicate if the figure is based on sampling. Use a footnote to describe any special situations.

Question 31. Reference Transactions. Report the total number of reference transactions. A **reference transaction** is

an information contact that involves the knowledge, use, recommendations, interpretation, or instruction in the use of one or more information sources by a member of the library staff. The term includes information and referral service. Information sources include (a) printed and nonprinted material; (b) machine-readable databases (including computer-assisted instruction); (c) the library's own catalogs and other holdings records; (d) other libraries and institutions through communication or referral; and (e) persons both inside and outside the library. When a staff member uses information gained from previous use of information sources to answer a question, the transaction is reported as a reference transaction even if the source is not consulted again.

If a contact includes both reference and directional services, it should be reported as one reference transaction. Include virtual reference transactions (e.g., e-mail, WWW form, chat). Duration should not be an element in determining whether a transaction is a reference transaction. Sampling based on a typical week may be used to extrapolate TO A FULL YEAR for Question 31. Please indicate if the figure is based on sampling.

EXCLUDE SIMPLE DIRECTIONAL QUESTIONS. A directional transaction is an information contact that facilitates the logistical use of the library and that does not involve the knowledge, use, recommendations, interpretation, or instruction in the use of any information sources other than those that describe the library, such as schedules, floor plans, and handbooks.

Questions 32-33. Circulation. For Question 32, count the number of initial circulations during the fiscal year from the general collection for use usually (although not always) outside the library. Do not count renewals. Include circulations to and from remote storage facilities for library users (i.e., do not include transactions reflecting transfers or stages of technical processing). Count the total number of items lent, not the number of borrowers.

For Question 33, report total circulation for the fiscal year including initial transactions reported on line 32 and renewal transactions. Exclude reserve circulations; these are no longer reported.

Questions 34-35. Interlibrary Loans. Report the number of requests for material (both returnables and non-returnables) provided to other libraries on line 34 and the number of filled requests received from other libraries or providers on line 35. On both lines, include originals, photocopies, and materials sent by telefacsimile or other forms of electronic transmission. Include patron-initiated transactions. Exclude requests for materials locally owned and available on the shelves or electronically. Do not include transactions between libraries covered by this questionnaire.

Questions 36. Ph.D. Degrees. Report the number awarded during the 2006-07 fiscal year. Please note that only the number of Ph.D. degrees are to be counted. Statistics on all other advanced degrees (e.g., D.Ed., D.P.A., M.D., J.D.) should not be reported in this survey. If you are unable to provide a figure for Ph.D.s only, please add a footnote.

Question 37. Ph.D. Fields. For the purposes of this report, Ph.D. fields are defined as the specific discipline specialties enumerated in the U.S. Department of Education's Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS) "Completions" Survey. Although the IPEDS form requests figures for all doctoral degrees, only fields in which Ph.D.s are awarded should be reported on the ARL questionnaire. Any exceptions should be footnoted.

Question 38. Instructional Faculty. Instructional faculty are defined by the U.S. Dept. of Education as

members of the instruction/research staff who are employed full-time as defined by the institution, including faculty with released time for research and faculty on sabbatical leave.

Full-time counts generally exclude faculty who are employed to teach fewer than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions; replacements for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave without pay; faculty for preclinical and clinical medicine; faculty who are donating their services; faculty who are members of military organizations and paid on a different pay scale from civilian employees; academic officers, whose primary duties are administrative; and graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses. Please be sure the number reported, and the basis for counting, are consistent with those for 2005-06 (unless in previous years faculty were counted who should have been excluded according to the above definition). Please footnote any discrepancies.

Questions 39–42. Enrollment. U.S. libraries should use the Fall 2006 enrollment figures reported to the Department of Education on the Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System survey. Please check these figures against the enrollment figures reported to ARL last year to ensure consistency and accuracy. **Note:** In the past, the number of part-time students reported was FTE; the number now reported to IPEDS is a head count of part-time students. Canadian libraries should note that the category “graduate students” as reported here includes all post-baccalaureate students.

FOOTNOTES

Please consult the data entry Web interface (www.arlstatistics.org) for a copy of last year’s footnotes. These can be found under “Historical Data” by clicking a survey’s arrow icon under the “View Summary” column and then selecting the “Footnotes” tab. Explanatory footnotes will be included with the published statistics. Reporting libraries are urged to record in the footnote section any information that would clarify the figures submitted, e.g., the inclusion and exclusion of branch campus libraries (see the “General Instructions” for definition of branch campus libraries). Please make an effort to word your footnotes in a manner consistent with notes appearing in the published report, so that the ARL Office can interpret your footnotes correctly.

Submit the completed questionnaire
by **January 30, 2008.**

For assistance, please e-mail Martha Kyrillidou (martha@arl.org) or Mark Young (stats-ra@arl.org)
Tel. (202) 296-2296.

ARL STATISTICS 2006–2007
WORKSHEET

This worksheet is designed to help you plan your submission for the 2006-07 *ARL Statistics*. The figures on this worksheet should be similar to those in the "Summary" page of your web form, except in cases where data are unavailable. If an exact figure is unavailable, use "NA/UA". If the appropriate answer is zero or none, use "0."

Reporting Institution _____ Date Returned to ARL _____
Report Prepared by (name) _____
Title _____
E-mail address _____ Phone number _____
Contact person (if different) _____
Title _____
E-mail address _____ Phone number _____

PAGE ONE – VOLUMES

1. Volumes held June 30, 2007 (1a + 1b) (1) _____

1a. Volumes held June 30, 2006 (1a) _____

1b. Volumes added during the year (1b.i – 1b.ii) (1b) _____

(i) Volumes added – Gross (1b.i) _____

(ii) Volumes withdrawn during year (1b.ii) _____

2. Number of monographic volumes purchased (2) _____

3. Basis of volume count is: (3) _____ Physical
_____ Bibliographic

PAGE TWO – OTHER COLLECTIONS

SERIALS

4. Total number of serial titles currently received, including periodicals (4a + 4b)

(4) _____

4a. Number of serial titles currently purchased (4a) _____

4a.i Electronic (4a.i) _____

4a.ii Print (and other format) serials purchased (4a.ii) _____

4b. Number of serial titles currently received but not purchased (4b) _____

4b.i Electronic (4b.i) _____

4b.ii Print (and other format) serial received (4b.ii) _____

but not purchased

(Exchanges, gifts, deposits, etc. See instructions.)

5. Government documents are included in count of Current Serials? (5) ____ Yes ____ No

OTHER LIBRARY MATERIALS

6. Microform units (6) _____

7. Government documents not counted elsewhere (7) _____

8. Computer files (8) _____

9. Manuscripts and archives (linear ft.) (9) _____

AUDIOVISUAL MATERIALS

10. Cartographic (10) _____

11. Graphic (11) _____

12. Audio (12) _____

13. Film and Video (13) _____

PAGE THREE – EXPENDITURES

- 14. Are the below figures reported in Canadian dollars?** (14) ☐ Yes ☐ No
- 15. Total Library Materials Expenditures** ($15a + 15b + 15c + 15d$) (15) _____
- 15a. Monographs (15a) _____
- 15b. Serial titles, including periodicals (15b) _____
- 15c. Other Library Materials (15c) _____
- 15d. Miscellaneous (15d) _____
- 16. Contract binding** (16) _____
- 17. Total Salaries and Wages** ($17a + 17b + 17c$) (17) _____
- 17a. Professional staff (17a) _____
- 17b. Support staff (17b) _____
- 17c. Student assistants (17c) _____
- 18. Fringe benefits are included in expenditures for salaries and wages?** (18) ☐ Yes ☐ No
- 19. Other operating expenditures** (19) _____
- 20. Total library expenditures** ($15 + 16 + 17 + 19$) (20) _____

ELECTRONIC MATERIALS EXPENDITURES

- 21. One-time electronic resource purchases** (21) _____
- 22. Ongoing electronic resource purchases (e.g., subscriptions, annual license fees)** (22) _____
- 23. Bibliographic Utilities, Networks, and Consortia**
- 23a. From internal library sources (23a) _____
- 23b. From external sources (23b) _____
- 24. Computer hardware and software** (24) _____
- 25. Document Delivery/Interlibrary Loan** (25) _____

PAGE FOUR – PERSONNEL AND PUBLIC SERVICES

PERSONNEL (Round figures to nearest whole number.)

26. Total Staff FTE (26a + 26b + 26c) (26) _____

26a. Professional staff, FTE (26a) _____

26b. Support staff, FTE (26b) _____

26c. Student assistants, FTE (26c) _____

STAFFED SERVICE POINTS AND HOURS

27. Number of staffed library service points (27) _____

28. Number of weekly public service hours (28) _____

INSTRUCTION

29. Number of library presentations to groups (29) _____

29a. Is the library presentations figure based on sampling? (29a) _____ Yes _____ No

30. Number of total participants in group presentations reported in line 29
(30) _____

30a. Is the total participants in group presentations figure based on sampling? (30a) _____ Yes _____ No

REFERENCE

31. Number of reference transactions (31) _____

31a. Is the reference transactions figure based on sampling? (31a) _____ Yes _____ No

CIRCULATION

32. Number of initial circulations (excluding reserves) (32) _____

33. Total circulations (initial and renewals, excluding reserves) (33) _____

INTERLIBRARY LOANS

34. Total number of filled requests provided to other libraries (34) _____

35. Total number of filled requests received from other libraries or providers (35) _____

Ph.D. DEGREES AND FACULTY

36. Number of Ph.D.s awarded in FY2006-07 (36) _____

37. Number of fields in which Ph.D.s can be awarded (37) _____

38. Number of full-time instructional faculty in FY2006-07 (38) _____

ENROLLMENT – FALL 2006

(Line numbers refer to IPEDS survey form.)

39. Full-time students, undergraduate and graduate (39) _____
(Add line 8, columns 15 & 16, and line 14, columns 15 & 16.)

40. Part-time students, undergraduate and graduate (40) _____
(Add line 22, columns 15 & 16, and line 28, columns 15 & 16.)

41. Full-time graduate students *(Line 14, columns 15 & 16.)* (41) _____

42. Part-time graduate students *(Line 28, columns 15 & 16.)* (42) _____

FOOTNOTES

On the web form, you will be able to add footnotes to individual questions, as well as footnotes that apply to your entire institution. Please provide any information which would clarify the figures submitted, e.g., the inclusion of branch campus libraries or any special projects which might cause radical increases or decreases. Please use the footnotes in the *ARL Statistics 2005–2006* for comparison if necessary. Please consult the data entry Web interface (www.arlstatistics.org) for a copy of last year’s footnotes. These can be found under “Historical Data” by clicking a

survey's arrow icon under the "View Summary" column and then selecting the "Footnotes" tab. Please make an effort to word your footnotes in a manner consistent with notes appearing in the published report, so that the ARL Office can interpret your footnotes correctly.

Submit the completed questionnaire by **January 30, 2008**.

For assistance, please e-mail Martha Kyrillidou (martha@arl.org) or Mark Young (stats-ra@arl.org)
Tel. (202) 296-2296.

Footnotes to the ARL Academic Law Library Statistics 2006–2007

Footnotes may also include errata and corrections to data not previously reported from prior years. Numbers in parentheses refer to columns in Library Data Tables and to Questionnaire numbers. Unless otherwise noted, all figures are as of 06/30/2007.

QUESTION NUMBER	FOOTNOTE
ALABAMA	
	Figures are as of 09/30/2007.
19	Includes bibliographic utilities and literature searching.
ARIZONA	
1b.ii	Library is undergoing facility renovation and numerous volumes were discarded as a result.
2	Monographic titles purchased are only counted.
BOSTON	
1a	Volumes held June 30, 2006 revised to 327,976.
BOSTON COLLEGE	
1a	Volumes held June 30, 2006 revised to 240,957. This number has been adjusted as per the instructions for (1b). The adjustment reflects the addition of 2,795 cataloged e-book titles which are part of digital products reported in the footnote for (2). In future years we will add only additional cataloged e-books in this product to (1bi).
2	This figure includes 2,795 e-books included in the following digital products: HeinOnline: 1,581; LLMC Digital (Law Library Microform Consortium): 977; BNA-ALL (Bureau of National Affairs): 237.
4-4a	See footnotes for Questions 4a.i. and 4a.ii.
4a.i	These numbers reflect partial (not complete) de-duping of e-resources between the University and Law Libraries.
4a.ii	Unable to de-dupe law library print resources against either law library e-resources or against University library print or e-resources this year.
4b-4b.ii	Not de-duped.
BRIGHAM YOUNG	
	Figures are as of 12/31/2006.
13	This figure is very low and included with the Audio count.
CALIFORNIA, DAVIS	
4a, 4b	Number was NA/UA for 2005–2006.
6-12	No longer useful units withdrawn causing minor drop from 2005–2006 total.
34	Change in filled requests given low total number is not statistically significant.
36-42	Institutional-level data reported in ARL Statistics.
CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	
4a.i	Unable to breakout for Law only their electronic resources from total electronic serials.
CASE WESTERN RESERVE	
4a.i	The law library also has access to 37,913 e-journals that are reported in the main library's statistics.
15d	OCLC expenditures.
17, 18, 26	Expenditures and staff FTE have decreased since the IT department for the Law Library no longer reports to the Director of the Law Library.
CHICAGO	
1, 1b	Withdrew 38,608 volumes that were duplicative or available in electronic form and in the university library.
2	Reflects receipt of books ordered late in 2005–2006 and a new policy to expend all book funds before 7/07.
13	Established a popular DVD collection and purchased 409 DVDs.
15-15a	In 2006–2007, electronic expenditures data were excluded. The increase in monographic expenditures was due to a new policy to reduce year-end commitments and expend book funds before 7/07.
15b	In 2005–2006, electronic expenditures data were excluded. The correct amount for (15b) for 2005–2006 was \$1,327,931.
15c	The 2005–2006 survey incorrectly reported (15c) as \$293,461. The correct figure for other library materials (15c) was \$18,028.
17c	No student project staff were employed in 2006–2007.
21	The correct amount for (21) for 2005–2006 was \$409,974.
26-26b	No project staff were employed in 2006–2007.
33	The library was undergoing a renovation all year and 200,000 volumes were placed in dark storage.
34	Number of titles lent varies based on the unpredictable requests from other libraries; further, 200,000 volumes in storage were unavailable for ILL.
35	May be attributed to the need to borrow titles owned, but now in dark storage.

CINCINNATI

Excludes the Raymond Walters College and Clermont College libraries.

- 4a.i It was too difficult to separate our e-journals from the other jurisdictions within the university. We are reporting only our paper titles, allowing the e-journals to be counted in the “main” count.

COLUMBIA

- 1a Volumes held June 30, 2006 revised to 892,389. Restated from 2005–2006 to include 21,811 e-volumes.
 4a.i Includes Hein Online and LLMC (de-duped from paper total).
 24 Includes expenditures for computer maintenance.
 28 Number included in Butler count (102 for Law Library only, 107 total for Columbia).
 34 Filled requests provided to other libraries includes 4,888 from fee-based service.

CORNELL

- 1a Volumes held June 30, 2006 revised to 548,518. Change from ending figure for 2005–2006 reflects the fact that additional e-books were counted. E-book counts are as of 10/2007.
 1b.i Includes a small number of manually cataloged e-books.
 4 Estimate only. Divisions by paid/unpaid unavailable. 21% of the titles in this count were estimated to be print. 3,300 of these titles were estimated to be non-current e-titles. This count was made particularly difficult by the fact that online records do not exist for two of the Law Library’s largest e-journal packages as they are not available beyond the Law School (these packages were not counted in the past). For the largest aggregators, estimated percentages used to de-dupe counts were percentages available for central and Law online records combined. The central estimate to de-dupe between print and e was arrived at through manually searching a sample. Print counts include numbered and unnumbered monographic series and non-serial continuations.
 31 Decrease from 2005–2006 due in large part to a new sampling method instituted at CUL.

DUKE

- 1b Volumes showed negative growth because a large number of duplicate titles were discarded in preparation for library renovation. The renovated space resulted in a 20% loss of shelf space.

EMORY

- 1b The Law Library has recently removed a large quantity of its volumes, primarily those whose content is now available online. For this reason, this value is a negative figure, representing a reduction in size.
 2 Fewer funds are available for purchase of new titles due to large amount of operational budget going toward continuation costs.
 10 Three of eight maps have been discarded. The size of the item count is small, so a loss of three maps constitutes a large percentage difference from 2005–2006.
 13 A large quantity of videos were removed from collection due to loss of functional capacity.

FLORIDA

- 1a Volumes held June 30, 2006 revised to 319,955.
 5 Not all government documents are included in this count. Some serial government documents are added to our LC classified collection and get counted at time of processing. Others serial government documents are added to the documents collection and are included in (7).

FLORIDA STATE

- 1a Volumes held June 30, 2006 revised to 304,954.
 39, 41 Information from internal sources. IPEDS was unavailable.

GEORGE WASHINGTON

- 34-35 ILL statistics for 2005–2006 were unusually low for unknown reasons. Statistics for 2006–2007 returned to normal levels.

GEORGETOWN

- 29-30 Data for 2006–2007 reflects an expanded teaching presence as well as improved tracking and reporting over previous year.

GEORGIA

Branch library numbers have been included in the Main Library statistics (see ARL Statistics).

- 1a Volumes held June 30, 2006 revised to 614,121. Number adjusted to include e-books.
 2 Includes purchase of 118,210 Eighteen Century Collection Online.

HARVARD

- 1b.ii Increase due to de-accessions.
 15-21 Increase in endowment allocation for 2006–2007.

HOUSTON

- 1a Volumes held June 30, 2006 revised to 533,721. 2005–2006 number (260,684) was reported incorrectly.
 1b A large weeding project was undertaken during the year.

HOWARD

- 6 Processing of 5-year backlog.

ILLINOIS-URBANA

- 20 This figure only includes (15) and (19). This does not include (16).

QUESTION NUMBER	FOOTNOTE
INDIANA	
15c	Bibliographic utilities: \$6890; other (memberships, etc.): \$2,869.
IOWA	
2, 4a, 4b	Estimate.
17a	Does not include director's salary.
KANSAS	
1b.i	We changed how we counted volumes to reflect new ABA standards. We had previously included cataloged electronic serial title volumes that are now counted differently. We adjusted to remove electronic volumes previously reported and to add electronic volumes counted with new ABA standards.
1b.ii	We withdrew 40,256 volumes to accommodate library remodeling.
2	Includes electronic monographic volumes purchased in MOML and Supreme Court Records and Briefs.
4a	Our reported number of current serials purchased dropped because of de-duping with Main and Medical libraries and because of cancellations in preparation for library remodeling. Number of current serials received but not purchased are included. Government document titles counted here.
10	Cartographic materials reflects number purchased.
12	Audio reflects number purchased.
26b	One support staff position was converted to tenure track librarian position.
LOUISIANA STATE	
1a	Volumes held June 30, 2006 revised to 443,204. Includes 994 e-books not counted in 2005–2006.
1b.i	Two of our electronic vendors, LLMC-Digital and Hein Online, added 3,610 e-books in the past year. In addition, our normal level of print volume purchases increased due to the purchase of several new state statute sets and the reinstatements and replacement of large sets following the Katrina-related cancellations.
15a	Reflects the additional costs associated with the purchase of the additional state statutes, reinstatements, and replacements mentioned in question (1b.i) above.
15b	Part of this increase was again due to the reinstatement of serial titles cancelled following Katrina. Much of the remainder was due to the change in language to (4a) which allowed us this year to count full-text electronic serial titles. In 2005–2006, these titles were excluded from the count and instead were reflected in the Supplementary Statistics. Since we could count these electronic serial titles this year, we included the cost to purchase access in the serial titles expenditures. In 2005–2006, we reflected these expenditures in Other library expenditures, (15c) (see below).
15c	Excludes the cost of electronic serial titles that are instead included in (15b) (see above). The remaining amount reflects the expenditures for electronic database access but which cannot be tied to the cost of any particular electronic serial title as required to be reported in (15b).
19	2005–2006 amount included equipment expenditures which did not occur this year.
22	In 2005–2006, this question focused only on the cost of electronic serials which were excluded from inclusion by the language of (4a). This year's language is broader and allows us to report the cost of all ongoing electronic resource purchases.
24	In 2005–2006, we had no new computer purchases for the library, but we overlooked the cost of support for our computer system and so we underreported. This year's figure more accurately reflects those support costs, primarily telecommunications expenses.
MIAMI	
17a	Excludes law library director's salary.
36-42	Institutional-level data reported in ARL Statistics.
MICHIGAN	
15d	ILL, \$378 and mass de-acidification, \$50,717.
32-33	Includes reserves.
MICHIGAN STATE	
4	Because of the ARL decision to count individual serial titles rather than serial subscriptions, some electronic sources have been counted by the individual titles they contain instead of counted as one subscription. In addition, since the last fiscal year more of our serial titles have been represented by bibliographic records in the catalog.
25	We have seen an increase in this budget line in both the number of transactions and the cost per transaction.
MINNESOTA	
1a	Adjusted to count volumes transferred from University Libraries.
4a,4b	Breakdown of unique titles by branch library is not feasible.
11	Breakdown of A / V media holdings not entered because not available for main ARL statistics. Law Library holdings are Graphic, 13 Audio, 250, and Video 875
36	Breakdown corresponding to branch library not available. Counts for entire campus entered in main statistics.
MISSOURI	
1a	Volumes held June 30, 2006 revised to 379,960.

MONTREAL

- 15-25 Expenditures as reported in Canadian dollars: (15) \$793,152; (15a) \$121,869; (15b) \$671,283; (15c) \$0; (15d) \$0; (16) \$8,532; (17) \$765,241; (17a) \$334,832; (17b) \$430,409; (17c) \$0; (19) \$13,387; (20) \$1,580,312; (21) UA/NA; (22) \$134,282; (23a) UA/NA; (23b) UA/NA; (24) UA/NA; (25) UA/NA.

NEBRASKA

- 4a.i Data for (4ai) and (4aii) unavailable for Law Library.
7,8,9 Figure unavailable.

NEW YORK

- All figures as of 08/31/2007.
1a Volumes held June 30, 2006 revised to 787,815.
4 The total number of serials decreased dramatically as part of the de-duping process for the new counting methodology. All electronic serials will only be reported through the Division of Libraries. The actual number of serial titles available from the Law Library is 8,268.
4a.i Electronic serials totals for NYU are only being counted in the main Division of Libraries total. The actual number of purchased electronic serials at the Law Library is 118.
4b.i Electronic serials totals for NYU are only being counted in the main Division of Libraries total. The actual number of free electronic serials for the Law Library is 3,104.
36-42 PhD degrees, faculty, and enrollment numbers are all included in the Division of Libraries total.

NORTH CAROLINA

- 1a Volumes held June 30, 2006 revised to 326,308. Added 231 e-books not previously counted.
1b Added Making of Modern Law, containing 22,007 electronic books.
26 Library has 12.50 FTE professional staff, 25.5 FTE total.

NOTRE DAME

- 15d Certain expenditures that were included in miscellaneous expenditures in 2005–2006 have been reclassified to serials and other expenditures in 2006–2007. In addition, spending was reduced in 2006–2007 as compared to 2005–2006 levels.

OHIO STATE

- 4b All Ohio State libraries have cataloged access to 3,285 free electronic serials.
23b Inseparable from total university's figure of \$1,142,832.

OREGON

- Includes the Jaqua Law Library only.
1b.ii Weeding project.
22 One large payment was delayed and is now on a new payment schedule.
25 Unable to separate out law from general library ILL statistics.

PENNSYLVANIA

- 1a Volumes held June 30, 2006 revised to 617,298.

PENNSYLVANIA STATE

- Included: Dickinson School of Law Library, and the H. Laddie Montague, Jr. Law Library branches: 104 Beam Building, University Park, PA 16802, 150 S. College Street, Carlisle, PA 17013.
1b.i E-books (counted as titles because volume count unavailable) = 27,598 titles. E-book Products Added: The making of Modern Law; LLMC Digital; BePress Journals; Hein Online; BNA All; CCH; Tax Management; U.S. Supreme Court records & Briefs (Gale); U.S. Congressional Hearings (LexisNexis).
2 We purchased 25,728 monographic e-books this year, which were funded through our electronic resource purchases (22).
12-13 As part of our ongoing collection relocation, we drastically weeded our audio and video collections. Most of the titles counted last year were non-commercial, locally created tapes that have now been removed from the collection.

QUEENS

- (36-37) and (39-42) as at November 2006, (38) as at October 2006. (4), (23), and (24) statistics included in Main Library Questionnaire. The numbers cannot be broken out.
15-25 Expenditures as reported in Canadian dollars: (15) \$698,835; (15a) \$293,551; (15b) \$401,650; (15c) \$3,634; (15d) UA/NA; (16) \$14,520; (17) \$472,216; (17a) \$144,827; (17b) \$286,095; (17c) \$41,294; (19) \$24,905; (20) \$1,210,476; (21) UA/NA; (22) \$280,203; (23a) UA/NA; (23b) UA/NA; (24) UA/NA; (25) UA/NA.

RUTGERS, CAMDEN

- 12 Camden Law reported 10 Audio. Entered as 0 since Main Library can only report total Audio Visual materials.
13 Camden Law reported 76 Film & Video. Entered as 0 since Main Library can only report total Audio Visual materials.

RUTGERS, NEWARK

- 1b.i-2 Includes 24,921 e-books: Making of Modern Law Legal Treaties.
12 Newark Law reported 858 Audio. Entered as 0 since Main Library can only report total Audio Visual materials.
13 Newark Law reported 309 Film & Video. Entered as 0 since Main Library can only report total Audio Visual materials.

QUESTION NUMBER	FOOTNOTE
15a	Includes \$32,345 for e-books: 1st of 4 installments for Making of Modern Law Legal Treaties
15b, 15d	2005–2006 included database subscriptions (\$100,812) in questions (15d); should have been included in question 15b Serials titles including periodicals. 2006–07 included \$140,899 for database subscriptions in (15b).
17a	2005–2006 figure corrected to \$583,550 (Total Salaries & Wages remains the same; correction is in distribution to Professional and Support staff).
17b	2005–2006 figure corrected to \$475,887 (Total Salaries & Wages remains the same; correction is in distribution to Professional and Support staff).
SASKATCHEWAN	
15-25	Expenditures as reported in Canadian dollars: (15) \$861,448; (15a) \$117,224; (15b) \$744,224; (15c) UA/NA; (15d) UA/NA; (16) \$7,139; (17) \$416,073; (17a) \$209,991; (17b) \$183,656; (17c) \$22,426; (19) UA/NA; (20) \$1,284,660; (21) UA/NA; (22) UA/NA; (23a) UA/NA; (23b) UA/NA; (24) UA/NA; (25) UA/NA.
15c	Expenditures included in (16).
32	2006–2007 data much higher than the 2005–2006 data due to a revision in reporting process. The 2005–2006 data would read 13,463 instead of 7,964 under new reporting process.
33	2006–2007 data much higher than the 2005–2006 data due to a revision in reporting process. The 2005–2006 data would read 17,142 instead of 11,623 under new reporting process.
SUNY-BUFFALO	
1a	Volumes held June 30, 2006 revised to 298,149.
4a.i, 4b.i	Electronic serials are reported on the Main Library summary for the entire Library System.
15d	Westlaw and LexisNexis costs are reported here.
24	Expenses for this category are all included on the Main Library page.
32-33	The numbers reported are more accurate than those in past years due to the implementation of a new online system.
36-42	This question is answered on the main summary with institutional data.
TEMPLE	
4a	Number reflects de-duplication.
TENNESSEE	
4a	Law Titles Purchased: Electronic 669 [of original 1,247] (4a.i); Print 1,445 [of original 1,575] (4a.ii); Total 2,114 [of original 2,822] (4a).
4b	Law Titles Not Purchased -- all NA/UA
28	UT Law Library is open 112 hours per week but occurrence of hours is within that of Main.
39-42	Included in Main total.
TORONTO	
1a	Volumes held June 30, 2006 revised to 206,331.
15-25	Expenditures as reported in Canadian dollars: (15) \$842,408; (15a) \$70,033; (15b) \$748,550; (15c) \$23,825; (15d) UA/NA; (16) \$12,951; (17) \$1,180,080; (17a) \$712,226; (17b) \$400,144; (17c) \$67,710; (19) \$119,366; (20) \$2,154,805; (21) UA/NA; (22) \$83,717; (23a) UA/NA; (23b) UA/NA; (24) \$77,500; (25) UA/NA.
TULANE	
1a	Volumes held June 30, 2006 revised to 308,875.
4	Only aggregate serial data available, 5,977 serials overall.
15c	Cannot be disaggregated.
VANDERBILT	
17c	Federal funds for work study students have been added to this total for the first time.
18	Fringe benefits are included.
VIRGINIA	
	Excludes: Health Sciences, Darden Graduate Business, Alderman, Astronomy, Biology / Psychology, Chemistry, Clemons Undergraduate, Education, Fiske Kimball Fine Arts, Math, Music, Physics, Brown Science & Engineering, Small Special Collections libraries.
1a	Volumes held June 30, 2006 revised to 652,884. Includes 21,812 e-books not included in previous surveys, this is the number of e-books held as of 6/30/07. We could not determine how many we held as of 6/30/06.
1b.i	This number represents print volumes only.
1b.ii	Law conducted a massive weeding project during 2006–2007.
2	There were no e-book purchases in 2006–2007.
4	Serials for all libraries are reported on the University Library (main) survey only.
15a	Expenditures for print monographs only. No new e-books purchased.
18	Fringe benefits are included.
WASHINGTON U.-ST. Louis	
1-1a	Volumes held June 30, 2006 revised to 442,784. Includes 31,083 electronic books not previously reported.

QUESTION NUMBER	FOOTNOTE
19	Includes 293,841 in fringe benefits that are included in the library budget.
WESTERN ONTARIO	
1b-1b.i	2005–2006 count included previously held items that were newly linked as part of a project as well as new items. 2006–2007 count includes new items.
4a.i, 4b.i	Electronic serials for Law are included with the Main Library counts. These serials are available in all libraries.
15-25	Expenditures as reported in Canadian dollars: (15) \$810,005; (15a) \$120,847; (15b) \$689,158; (15c) UA/NA; (15d) \$0; (16) \$13,084; (17) \$348,811; (17a) \$213,091; (17b) \$125,045; (17c) \$10,675; (19) \$10,829; (20) \$1,182,729; (21) UA/NA; (22) UA/NA; (23a) UA/NA; (23b) \$0; (24) UA/NA; (25) \$0.
21-22	Included with Main Library. Purchase of electronic resources handled centrally and resources available to all libraries.
23a, 24	Centrally funded for all libraries at Western Libraries.
35	A central ILL office at Western Libraries handles filled requests received from other libraries or providers.
YALE	
1a	Volumes held June 30, 2006 revised to 876,997.
18	Fringe benefits are included.

Appendix: ARL Member Libraries as of June 1, 2008

Institution	Category	Full Name of Institution	Location
Alabama	S	University of Alabama	Tuscaloosa, Alabama
Alberta	C	University of Alberta	Edmonton, Alberta
Arizona	S	University of Arizona	Tucson, Arizona
Arizona State	S	Arizona State University	Tempe, Arizona
Auburn	S	Auburn University	Auburn, Alabama
Boston	P	Boston University	Boston, Massachusetts
Boston College	P	Boston College	Boston, Massachusetts
Brigham Young	P	Brigham Young University	Provo, Utah
British Columbia	C	University of British Columbia	Vancouver, British Columbia
Brown	P	Brown University	Providence, Rhode Island
Berkeley, California	S	University of California, Berkeley	California, Berkeley
California, Davis	S	University of California, Davis	Davis, California
California, Irvine	S	University of California, Irvine	Irvine, California
California, Los Angeles	S	University of California, Los Angeles	Los Angeles, California
California, Riverside	S	University of California, Riverside	Riverside, California
California, San Diego	S	University of California, San Diego	La Jolla, California
California, Santa Barbara	S	University of California, Santa Barbara	Santa Barbara, California
Case Western Reserve	P	Case Western Reserve University	Cleveland, Ohio
Chicago	P	University of Chicago	Chicago, Illinois
Cincinnati	S	University of Cincinnati	Cincinnati, Ohio
Colorado	S	University of Colorado	Boulder, Colorado
Colorado State	S	Colorado State University	Fort Collins, Colorado
Columbia	P	Columbia University	New York, New York
Connecticut	S	University of Connecticut	Storrs, Connecticut
Cornell	P	Cornell University	Ithaca, New York
Dartmouth	P	Dartmouth College	Hanover, New Hampshire
Delaware	S	University of Delaware	Newark, Delaware
Duke	P	Duke University	Durham, North Carolina
Emory	P	Emory University	Atlanta, Georgia
Florida	S	University of Florida	Gainesville, Florida
Florida State	S	Florida State University	Tallahassee, Florida
George Washington	P	George Washington University	Washington, DC
Georgetown	P	Georgetown University	Washington, DC
Georgia	S	University of Georgia	Athens, Georgia
Georgia Tech	S	Georgia Institute of Technology	Atlanta, Georgia
Guelph	C	University of Guelph	Guelph, Ontario
Harvard	P	Harvard University	Cambridge, Massachusetts
Hawaii	S	University of Hawaii	Honolulu, Hawaii
Houston	S	University of Houston	Houston, Texas
Howard	P	Howard University	Washington, DC
Illinois, Chicago	S	University of Illinois at Chicago	Chicago, Illinois
Illinois, Urbana	S	University of Illinois at Urbana	Urbana, Illinois
Indiana	S	Indiana University	Bloomington, Indiana
Iowa	S	University of Iowa	Iowa City, Iowa
Iowa State	S	Iowa State University	Ames, Iowa
Johns Hopkins	P	Johns Hopkins University	Baltimore, Maryland
Kansas	S	University of Kansas	Lawrence, Kansas
Kent State	S	Kent State University	Kent, Ohio
Kentucky	S	University of Kentucky	Lexington, Kentucky
Laval	C	Laval University	Quebec, Quebec
Louisiana State	S	Louisiana State University	Baton Rouge, Louisiana
Louisville	S	University of Louisville	Louisville, Kentucky
McGill	C	McGill University	Montreal, Quebec
McMaster	C	McMaster University	Hamilton, Ontario
Manitoba	C	University of Manitoba	Winnipeg, Manitoba
Maryland	S	University of Maryland	College Park, Maryland
Massachusetts	S	University of Massachusetts	Amherst, Massachusetts
MIT	P	Massachusetts Institute of Technology	Cambridge, Massachusetts
Miami	P	University of Miami	Coral Gables, Florida
Michigan	S	University of Michigan	Ann Arbor, Michigan
Michigan State	S	Michigan State University	East Lansing, Michigan
Minnesota	S	University of Minnesota	Minneapolis, Minnesota

Institution	Category	Full Name of Institution	Location
Missouri	S	University of Missouri	Columbia, Missouri
Montreal	C	University of Montreal	Montreal, Quebec
Nebraska	S	University of Nebraska-Lincoln	Lincoln, Nebraska
New Mexico	S	University of New Mexico	Albuquerque, New Mexico
New York	P	New York University	New York, New York
North Carolina	S	University of North Carolina	Chapel Hill, North Carolina
North Carolina State	S	North Carolina State University	Raleigh, North Carolina
Northwestern	P	Northwestern University	Evanston, Illinois
Notre Dame	P	University of Notre Dame	Notre Dame, Indiana
Ohio	S	Ohio University	Athens, Ohio
Ohio State	S	Ohio State University	Columbus, Ohio
Oklahoma	S	University of Oklahoma	Norman, Oklahoma
Oklahoma State	S	Oklahoma State University	Stillwater, Oklahoma
Oregon	S	University of Oregon	Eugene, Oregon
Pennsylvania	P	University of Pennsylvania	Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
Pennsylvania State	S	Pennsylvania State University	University Park, Pennsylvania
Pittsburgh	S	University of Pittsburgh	Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania
Princeton	P	Princeton University	Princeton, New Jersey
Purdue	S	Purdue University	West Lafayette, Indiana
Queen's	C	Queen's University	Kingston, Ontario
Rice	P	Rice University	Houston, Texas
Rochester	P	University of Rochester	Rochester, New York
Rutgers	S	Rutgers University	New Brunswick, New Jersey
Saskatchewan	C	University of Saskatchewan	Saskatoon, Saskatchewan
South Carolina	S	University of South Carolina	Columbia, South Carolina
Southern California	P	University of Southern California	Los Angeles, California
Southern Illinois	S	Southern Illinois University	Carbondale, Illinois
SUNY-Albany	S	University at Albany, State Univ. of New York	Albany, New York
SUNY-Buffalo	S	University at Buffalo, State Univ. of New York	Buffalo, New York
SUNY-Stony Brook	S	State University of New York at Stony Brook	Stony Brook, New York
Syracuse	P	Syracuse University	Syracuse, New York
Temple	S	Temple University	Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
Tennessee	S	University of Tennessee	Knoxville, Tennessee
Texas	S	University of Texas	Austin, Texas
Texas A&M	S	Texas A&M University	College Station, Texas
Texas Tech	S	Texas Tech University	Lubbock, Texas
Toronto	C	University of Toronto	Toronto, Ontario
Tulane	P	Tulane University	New Orleans, Louisiana
Utah	S	University of Utah	Salt Lake City, Utah
Vanderbilt	P	Vanderbilt University	Nashville, Tennessee
Virginia	S	University of Virginia	Charlottesville, Virginia
Virginia Tech	S	Virginia Polytechnic Institute & State University	Blacksburg, Virginia
Washington	S	University of Washington	Seattle, Washington
Washington State	S	Washington State University	Pullman, Washington
Washington U.-St. Louis	P	Washington University	St. Louis, Missouri
Waterloo	C	University of Waterloo	Waterloo, Ontario
Wayne State	S	Wayne State University	Detroit, Michigan
Western Ontario	C	University of Western Ontario	London, Ontario
Wisconsin	S	University of Wisconsin	Madison, Wisconsin
Yale	P	Yale University	New Haven, Connecticut
York	C	York University	North York, Ontario
Boston Public Library	N	Boston Public Library	Boston, Massachusetts
CISTI	X	Canada Inst. for Scientific & Technical Info.	Ottawa, Ontario
Ctr. for Research Libs.	N	Center for Research Libraries	Chicago, Illinois
Library of Congress	N	Library of Congress	Washington, DC
Natl. Agricultural Lib.	N	National Agricultural Library	Beltsville, Maryland
Library and Archives Canada	X	Library and Archives Canada	Ottawa, Ontario
Natl. Library of Medicine	N	National Library of Medicine	Bethesda, Maryland
New York Public Library	N	New York Public Library	New York, New York
New York State Library	N	New York State Library	Albany, New York
Smithsonian Institution	N	Smithsonian Institution	Washington, DC